PL-900 Labs

Module 0: Course introduction

Scenario

- Bellows College is an educational organization with multiple buildings on campus.
- Campus visitors are currently recorded in paper journals. The information is not captured consistently, and there are no means to collect and analyze data about the visits across the entire campus.
- Campus administration would like to modernize their visitor registration system where access to the buildings is controlled by security personnel and all visits are required to be pre-registered and recorded by their hosts.
- Throughout this course, you will build applications and perform automation to enable the Bellows College administration and security personnel to manage and control access to the buildings on campus.

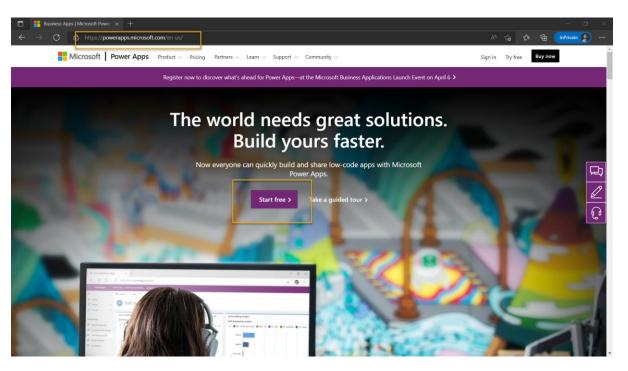
In this Module 0 lab, you will acquire a Power Platform trial tenant and access the Power Platform admin center. In the admin center, you will then create your **Practice** environment that you will do the majority of your lab work in.

Exercise 1 – Setup

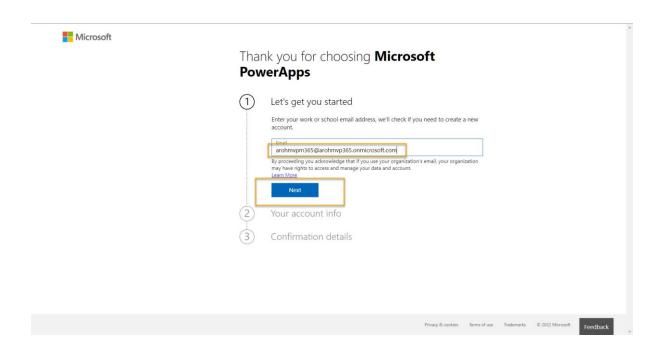
Task 1 - Acquire your Microsoft Power Platform trial tenant

1. Copy your Microsoft 365 credentials from the Authorized Lab Hoster.

2. Navigate to https://powerapps.microsoft.com and click **Start free.**

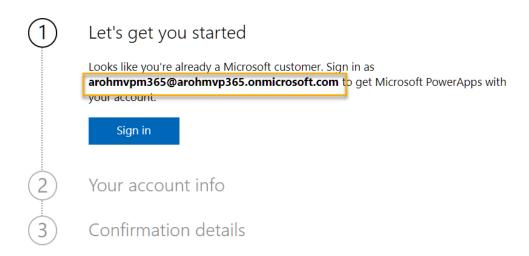


3. Under **Get started**, enter the email address from your Microsoft 365 credentials in the text box that says **Enter your work email address**.



4. You see a prompt that you have an existing account with Microsoft. Select Sign in.

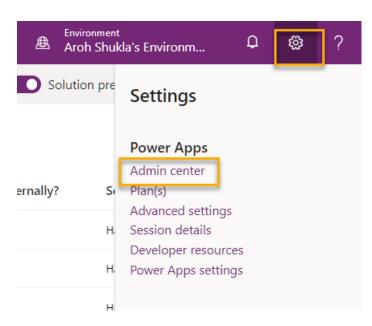
Thank you for choosing **Microsoft PowerApps**



- 5. Enter the password provided by the Authorized Lab Hoster.
- 6. Select Yes to stay signed in.
- 7. Complete your account info and select **Get started** to sign up for your Microsoft Power Platform trial.

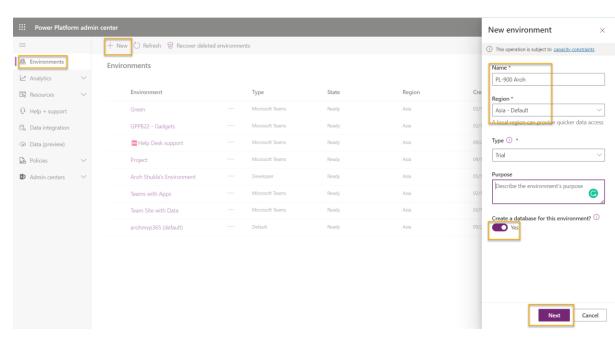
Task #2 – Create environment

1. Access https://admin.powerplatform.microsoft.com and log in with your Microsoft 365 credentials if prompted again.

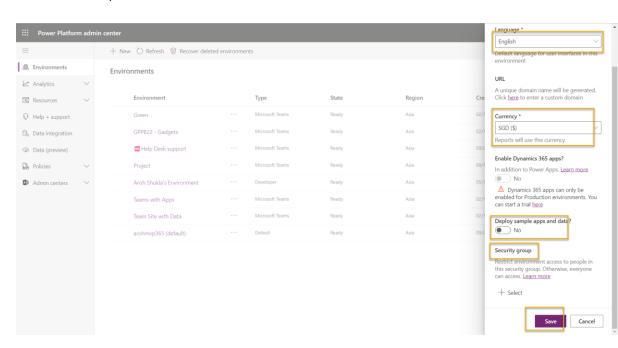


2. Select Environments and click +New.

- o For Name, enter [My Initials] Practice. (Example: AJ Practice.)
- o For **Type**, select **Trial** (do not select the Trial (subscription-based) option).
- Change the toggle on Create a database for this environment? to Yes.

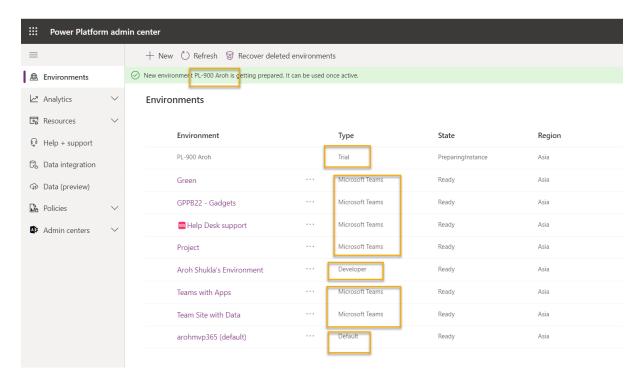


- Leave all other selections as default and click Next.
- On the next tab, leave all selections to default and click Save.



3. Your **Practice** environment should now show in the list of Environments.

Your environment may take a few minutes to provision. Refresh the page if needed.



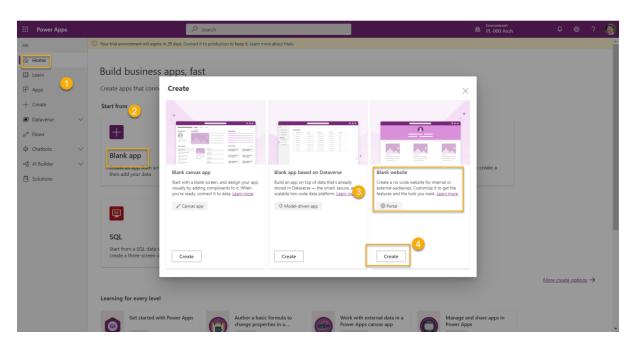
Exercise #2: Provision a Power Apps portal

Objective: Provisioning a Power Apps portal can take some time. In this exercise, you will create your Power Apps portal in your environment so that the provisioning process can be initiated. You will use this portal in a later lab.

Task #1: Create Power Apps portal

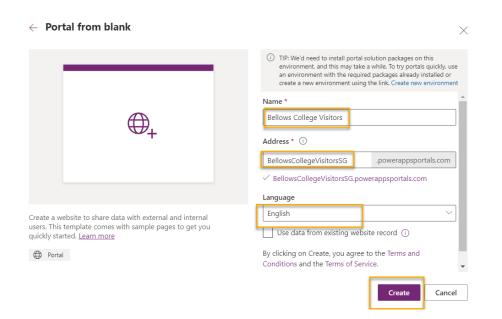
- 1. Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com
- 2. If the **Environment** displayed in the top right is not your Practice environment, click to select your Environment.

3. On the Home page, click on the Portal from blank panel under Make your own app



If you do not see this option, try zooming out.

- 4. Provide new portal details
 - o Enter Bellows College Visitors as the portal Name
 - Provide a unique URL; something.powerappsportals.com (if the name has been taken, choose a different one)
 - Select a base portal Language
 - o Click Create



The Portal provisioning process will run anywhere from 30 to 45 minutes. You do not have to wait, as this will continue while moving on to the next module.

Module 2: Introduction to Microsoft Dataverse

Scenario

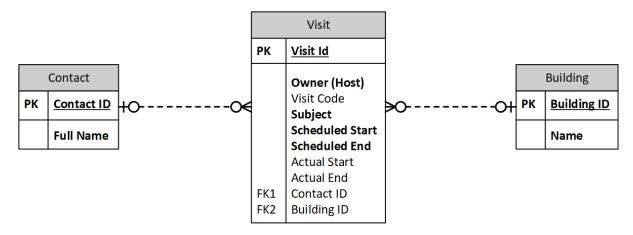
- Bellows College is an educational organization with multiple buildings on campus. Campus
 visits are currently recorded in paper journals. The information is not captured consistently,
 and there are no means to collect and analyze data about the visits across the entire
 campus.
- Campus administration would like to modernize their visitor registration system where
 access to the buildings is controlled by security personnel and all visits are required to be
 pre-registered and recorded by their hosts.
- Throughout this course, you will build applications and perform automation to enable the Bellows College administration and security personnel to manage and control access to the buildings on campus.
- In this lab you will access your environment, create a Microsoft Dataverse database, and create a solution to track your changes. You will also create a data model to support the following requirements:
- R1 Track the locations (buildings) of the campus visits
- R2 Record basic information to identify and track the visitors
- R3 Schedule, record, and manage visits

Finally, you will import sample data into Microsoft Dataverse.

High-level lab steps - DATA MODEL

To prepare your learning environments you will:

- create a solution and publisher
- add both new and existing components required to meet the application requirements.
 Refer to the <u>data model document</u> for the metadata description (tables and relationships).
 You can hold CTRL+click or right click the link to open the data model document in a new window.



Your solution will **contain several tables** upon completion of all the customizations:

- Contact
- Building
- Visit

Prerequisites:

• Completion of Module 0 Lab 0 - Validate lab environment

Things to consider before you begin:

- Naming convention
- Data types, restrictions (e.g. max length of a name)
- Datetime formatting to support easy localization

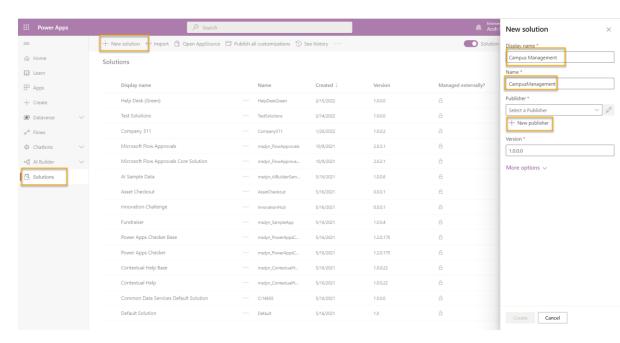
Exercise #1: Create Solution

Task #1: Create Solution and Publisher

1. Create Solution

- Navigate to https://make.powerapps.com. You may need to reauthenticate click Sign in and follow instructions if needed.
- Select your environment by clicking on **Environment** on the upper right corner of the screen and choosing your environment from the drop-down menu.
- o Select **Solutions** from the left menu and click **New Solution**.

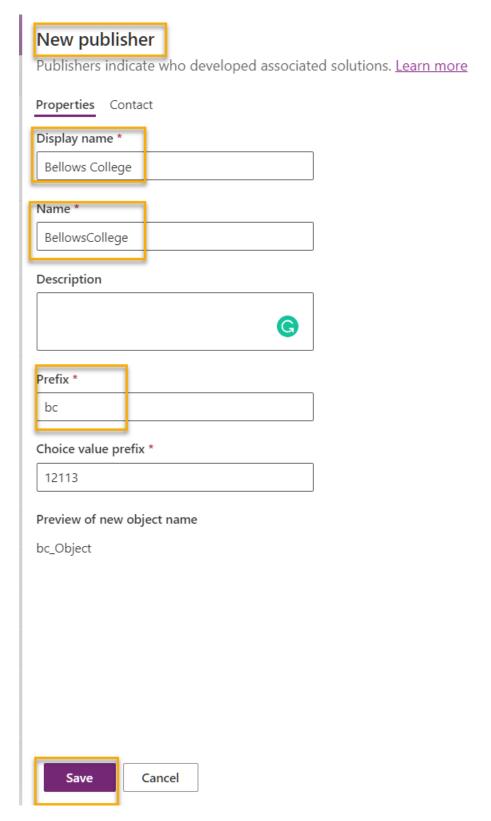
o Enter [Your Last Name] Campus Management for Display Name.



2. Create Publisher

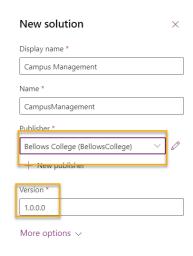
- In the Publisher section, select + Publisher
- o In the window that pops up, enter **Bellows College** for **Display Name**.
- o Enter BellowsCollege for Name.
- Enter bc for Prefix

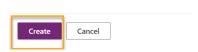
o Click Save



- o Click **Done** in the pop-up window.
- 3. Complete the solution creation.

- Now, click on the **Publisher** dropdown and select the **Bellows College** publisher you
 just created.
- Validate that Version is set to 1.0.0.0
- o Click Create.





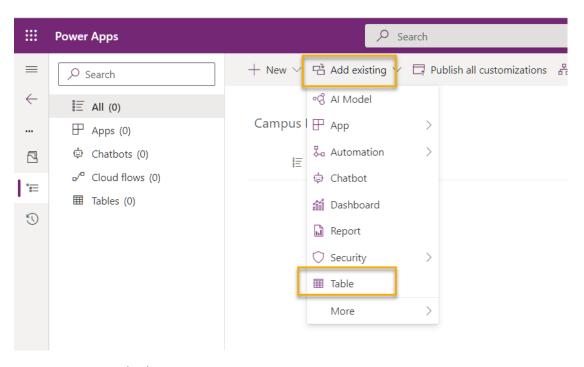
Exercise #2: Add Existing and Create New Tables

Objective: In this exercise, you will add the standard Contact table and create new custom tables for Buildings and Visits in the solution.

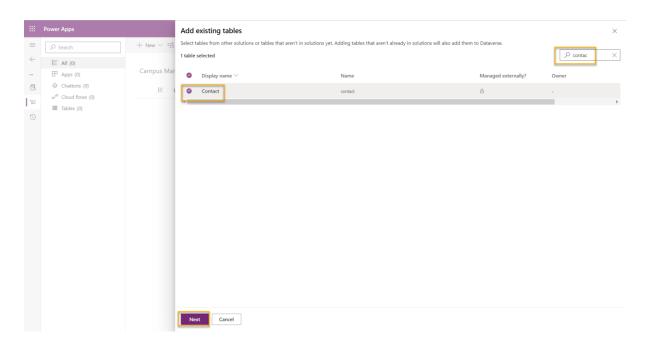
Task #1: Add Existing Table

1. Click to open your **Campus Management** solution you just created.

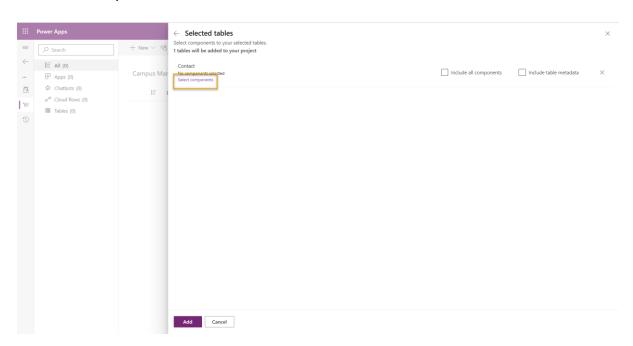
2. Click Add Existing and select Table.



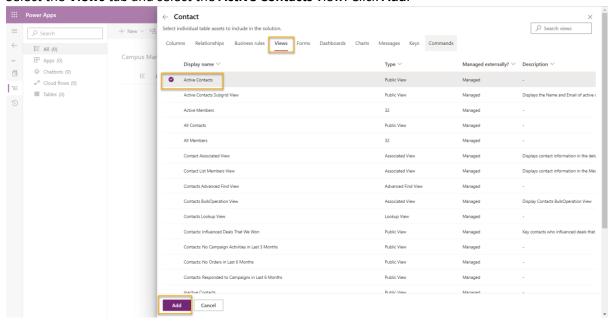
- 3. Locate Contact and select it.
- 4. Click Next.



5. Click **Select Components** under Contact.

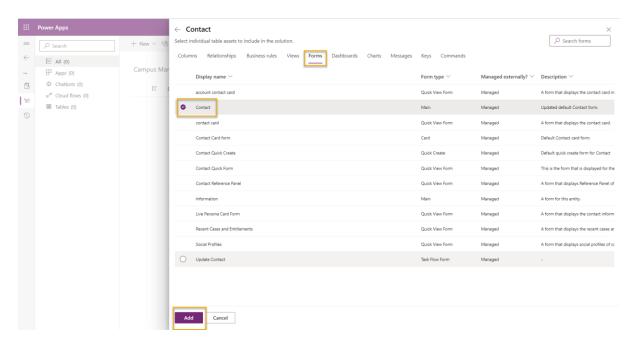


6. Select the Views tab and select the Active Contacts view. Click Add.



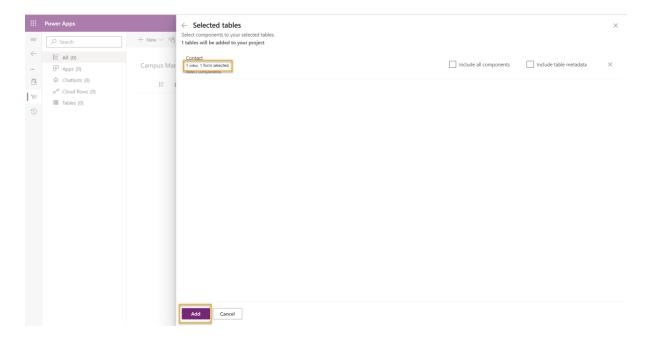
- 7. Click **Select Components** again.
- 8. Select the **Forms** tab and select the **Contact** form.

9. Click Add.

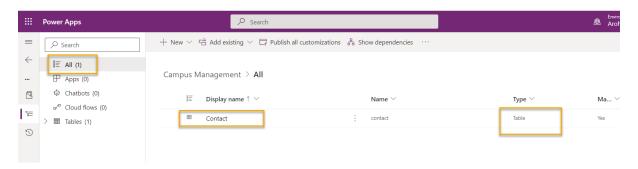


You should have 1 View and 1 Form selected.

10. Click **Add** again. This will add the Contact table with the selected View and Form to the newly created solution.

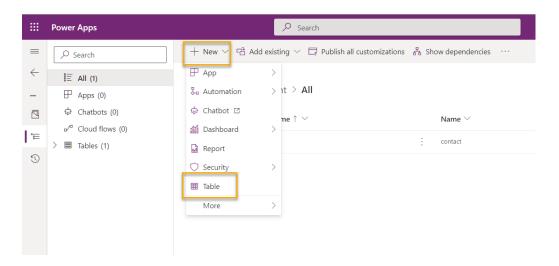


Your solution should now have one table: Contact.

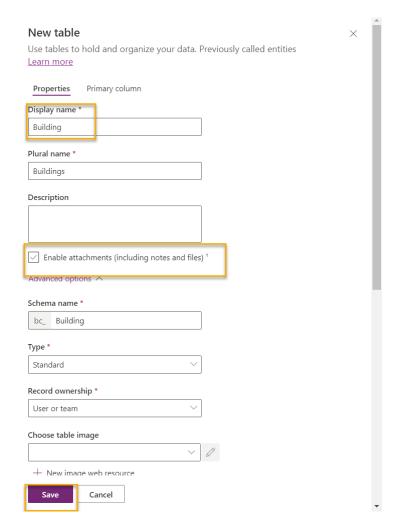


Task #2: Create Building Table

- 1. You should still have your browser open to your Campus Management solution. If not, open the Campus Management solution by following these steps:
 - o Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com (if you are not already signed in)
 - Select Solutions and click to open the [Your Last Name] Campus Management solution you just created.
- 2. Create Building table
 - Click New and select Table.



Enter Building for Display Name



Click **Save**. This will start provisioning the table in background while you can start adding other tables and columns.

Task #3: Create Visit Table and Columns

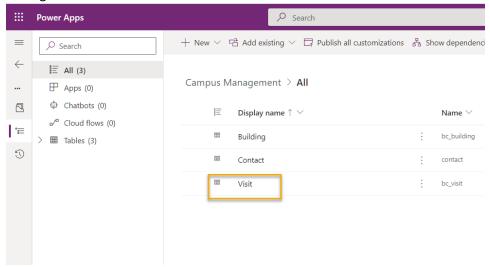
The **Visit** table will contain information about the campus visits including the building, visitor, scheduled and actual time of each visit.

We would like to assign each visit a unique number that can be easily entered and interpreted by a visitor when asked during the visit check-in process.

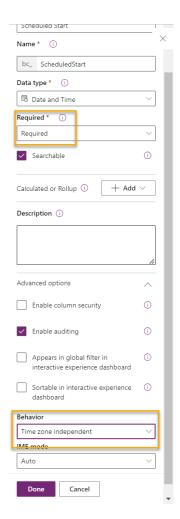
We use **Time zone independent** behaviour to record date and time information, because time of a visit is always local to the location of the building and should not change when viewed from a different time zone.

- 1. You should still have your browser open to your Campus Management solution. If not, open the Campus Management solution by following these steps:
 - Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com (if you are not already signed in)
 - Select Solutions and click to open the [Your Last Name] Campus Management solution you just created.
- 2. Create Visit table

- Click New and select Table.
- Enter Visit for Display Name
- Click Save. This will start provisioning the table in background while you can start adding other columns.

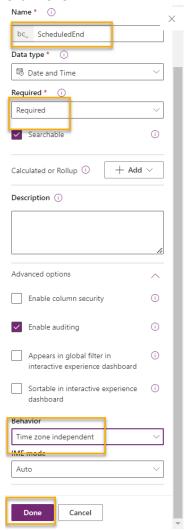


- 3. Create Scheduled Start column
 - Select Visit table
 - o Make sure you have the **Columns** tab selected and click **Add column**.
 - o Enter Scheduled Start for Display Name.
 - Select Date and Time for Data Type.
 - o In **Required**, select **Required**.
 - Expand Advanced options section.
 - o In **Behavior**, select **Time zone independent**.



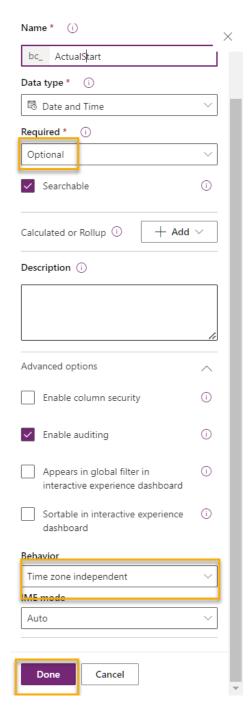
4. Create Scheduled End column

- Click Add column.
- o Enter **Scheduled End** for **Display Name**.
- Select Date and Time for Data Type.
- o In **Required**, select **Required**.
- o Expand **Advanced options** section.
- o In **Behavior**, select **Time zone independent**.



5. Create Actual Start column

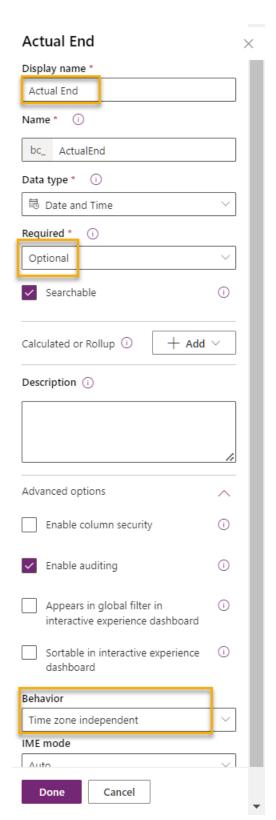
- o Click Add column.
- Enter Actual Start for Display Name.
- Select Date and Time for Data Type.
- o In Required, leave this as Optional.
- Expand Advanced options section.
- o In **Behavior**, select **Time zone independent**.



6. Create Actual End column

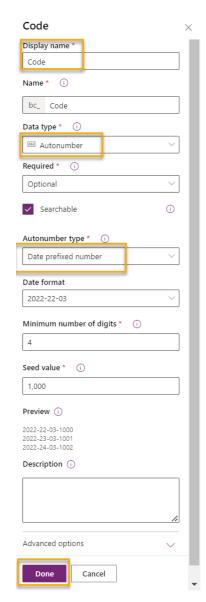
- o Click Add column.
- o Enter Actual End for Display Name.
- Select Date and Time for Data Type.
- In Required, leave this as Optional.
- Expand Advanced options section.

- o In **Behavior**, select **Time zone independent**.
- o Click **Done**.



7. Create Code column

- Click Add column.
- Enter Code for Display Name.
- Select Autonumber for Data Type.
- Select Date prefixed number for Autonumber type.
- o Click Done.

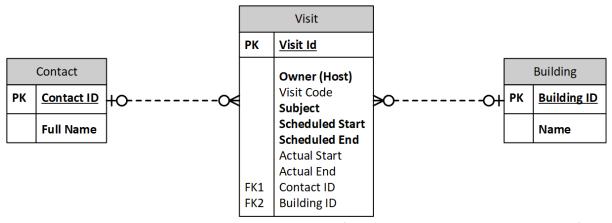


8. Click Save Table

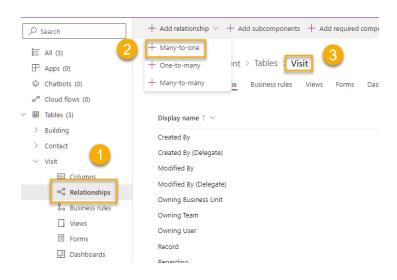
Exercise #3: Create Relationships

Objective: In this exercise, you will add relationships between the tables.

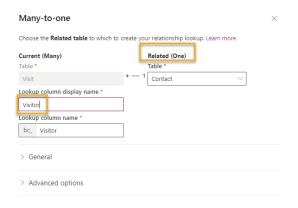
Task #1: Create Relationships

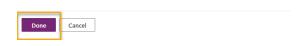


- 1. Ensure that you are still viewing the **Visit** table of your **Campus Management** solution. If not, navigate there.
- 2. Create Visit to Contact relationship
 - Select the Relationships tab.
 - Click Add Relationship and select Many-to-one

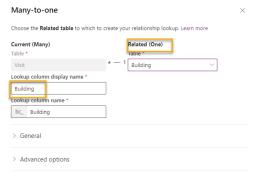


Select Contact for Related (One)



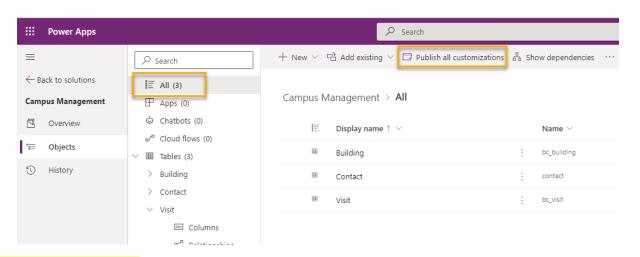


- o Enter Visitor for Lookup column display name
- o Click Done.
- 3. Create Visit to Building relationship
 - o Click Add Relationship and select Many-to-one
 - Select Building for Related (One)





- 4. Click Save Table.
- 5. Select **Back to solutions** at the top left.
- 6. Select Publish all customizations.



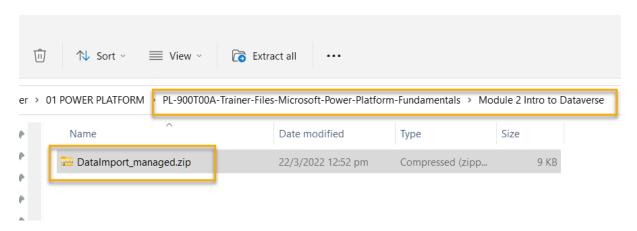
Exercise #4: Import Data

Objective: In this exercise you will import sample data into the Dataverse database.

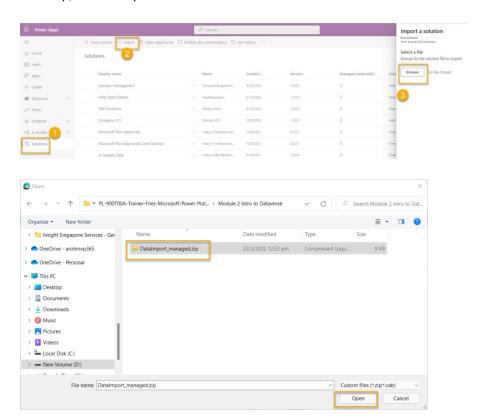
Task #1: Import solution

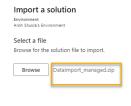
In this task you will import a solution that contains the Power Automate flow required to complete data import.

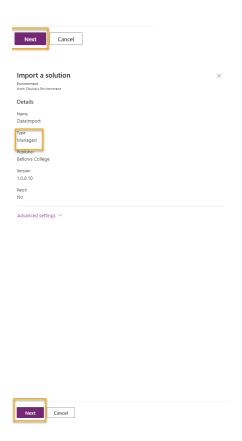
1. You should have the **DataImport_managed.zip** file stored on your Desktop. Download <u>DataImport Solution</u> if you do not.



- 2. Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com.
- 3. Select your [my initials] Practice environment at the top right, if it is not already selected.
- 4. Select **Solutions** in the left navigation panel.
- 5. Click **Import**, then click **Browse**. Browse and select **DataImport_managed.zip** from your Desktop, and then press **Next**.







You may receive the following message:

There are missing dependencies. Install the following solutions before installing this one...

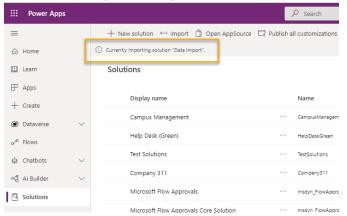
That message indicates that either the data model is not complete, the publisher prefix is not **bc**, or the **Building** and **Visit** table names differ from the names listed in the steps above.

- 6. Press **Next**. You should be prompted to re-establish connections.
- 7. Expand the **Select a connection** dropdown and select **+ New Connection**.



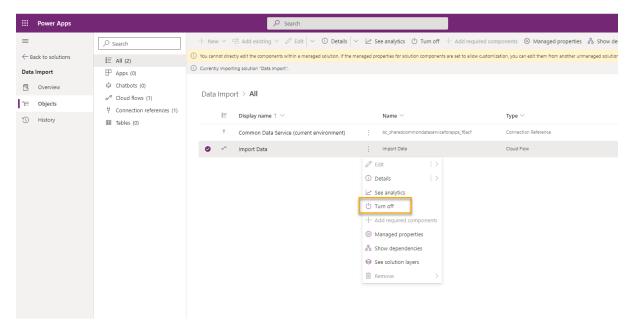


- 8. The new browser window or tab will open. Select **Create** when prompted to the connection. Sign in if required to complete creating the connection.
- 9. Close the current tab so that you are now back to the previous **Import a Solution** tab.
- 10. Ensure the connection you just created is selected. If you do not see your connection, click **Refresh** to refresh the list of connections.
- 11. Press Import.
- 12. Wait until the import is complete.



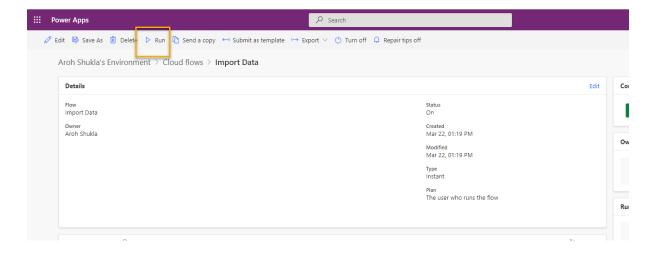
Task #2: Import Data

- 1. Open Data Import solution.
- 2. Check the Status of the Import Data flow.
- 3. If **Status** is **Off**, select ... next to **Import Data** then select **Turn On**.



Important: If you receive an error message, verify that the tables and columns you created match the instructions above.

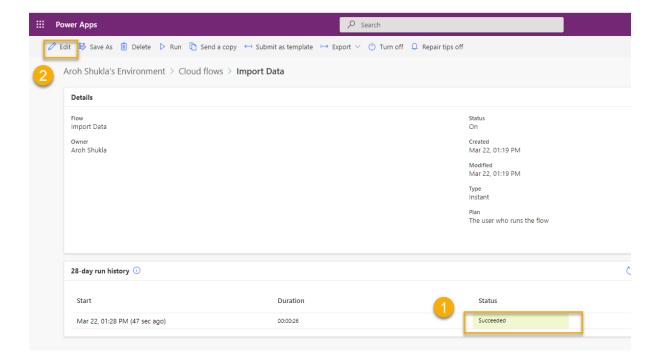
- 4. Open Import Data component. A new tab will open Power Automate.
- 5. Click **Get Started** if presented with a popup.
- 6. Click Run then click Run flow when prompted.

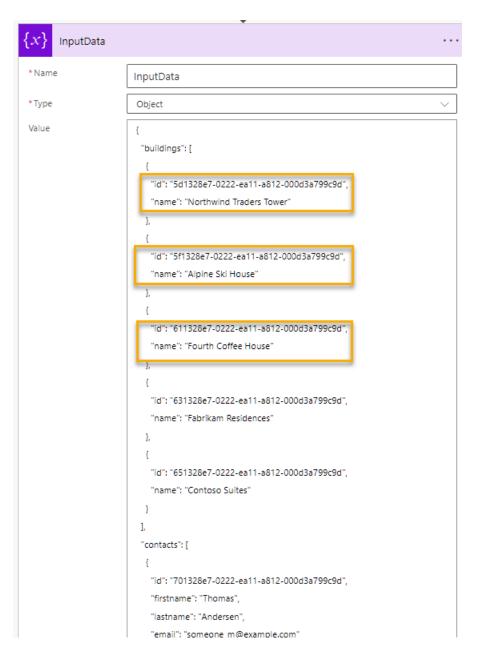






8. Wait until the flow instance completes the run. You can refresh the **28-day run history** table to see when the flow has run.



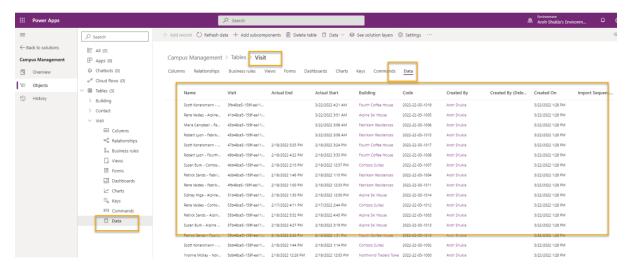


The purpose of this flow was to generate **example data for the upcoming labs**. In the next task, you will verify **that the data import was successful**.

Task #3: Verify Data Import

- 1. Navigate back to the previous Power Apps tab. Click **Done** on the popup.
- 2. Select **Solutions** on the left navigation bar and open your **Campus Management** solution.

3. Click to open the **Visit** table, then select the **Data** tab.

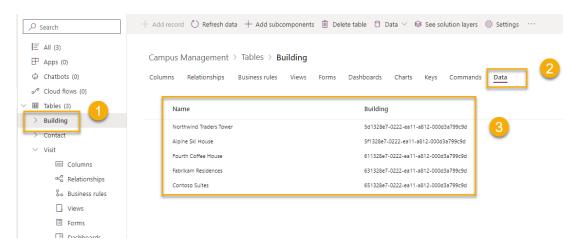


4. Click **Active Visits** in the top right-hand corner to display the view selector, then select **All columns**. This will change the view that is being used to display the Visit data.

If you do not see **Active Visits** due to smaller resolution, you should see an eye icon in the same location.

If the import was successful, you should see a list of visit rows.

5. Click on any value in the **Building** column, confirm that the Building form opens in a separate window.



- 6. Close the recently launched window.
- 7. Click on any value in the **Visitor** column (you may need to scroll the view to the right), confirm that the Contact form opens in a separate window.
- 8. Close the recently launched window.

Challenges

- Would you consider using *appointment* activity as part of the solution? What would it change?
- How could you enforce the scheduled end to be after the scheduled start?

- How could you add support for multiple meetings during a single visit?
- How could you secure the building access not only for external contacts but for internal staff member as well?
- How could you make visits to certain buildings require management approval? What would the approval process change in the data model?

Module 3: Get started with Power Apps (Canvas Apps – Part 1)

Lab: How to build a canvas app, Part 1

Scenario

Bellows College is an educational organization with multiple buildings on campus. Campus visits are currently recorded in paper journals. The information is not captured consistently, and there are no means to collect and analyze data about the visits across the entire campus.

Campus administration would like to modernize their visitor registration system where access to the buildings is controlled by security personnel and all visits are required to be pre-registered and recorded by their hosts.

Throughout this course, you will build applications and perform automation to enable the Bellows College administration and security personnel to manage and control access to the buildings on campus.

In part 1 this lab, you will design a Power Apps canvas app that college staff can use to manage visits for their guests.

High-level lab steps

We will follow the below outline to design the canvas app:

- Create the app from data using the **phone form factor template**
- Configure a detail page with visit info
- Configure an edit page to create to visits
- Configure a gallery control to show the visits
- Add filtering on the gallery data source to show only future visits

Prerequisites

- Completion of Module 0 Lab 0 Validate lab environment
- Completion of Module 2 Lab 1 Introduction to Microsoft Dataverse

Things to consider before you begin

What is the most prevalent form factor for the target audience?

- Estimate the number of records in the system
- How to narrow the records selected to improve app performance and user adoption

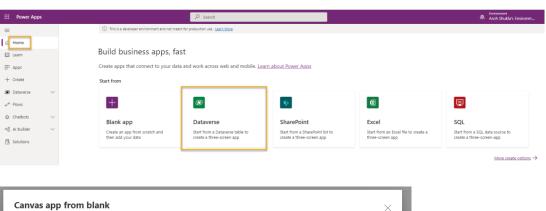
Exercise #1: Create Staff Canvas App

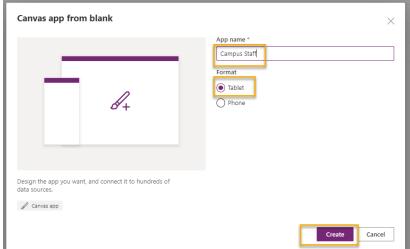
Objective: In this exercise, you will create a **canvas app from a template** and then modify it to include required data.

Task #1: Create Canvas App

In this task, you will create a canvas app using the phone layout template based on Microsoft Dataverse. Using Visits as a selected table from Dataverse, the template will generate a Gallery - View - Edit app to manage campus visits.

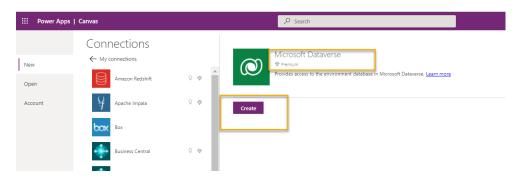
- 1. Start creating an app from data
 - o Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com
 - Select your **environment** at the top right if it is not already set to your Practice environment.
 - o Select the **Dataverse** icon within **Start from data** on the Home screen.



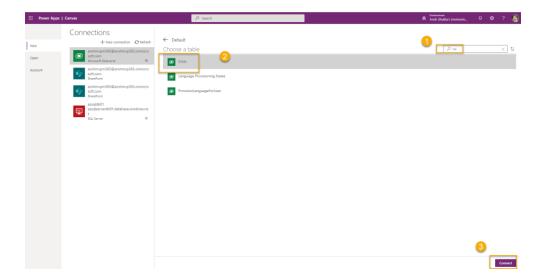


- 2. Connect to your Visits table
 - Select + New connection

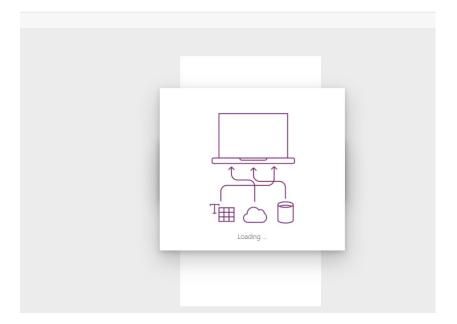
Select Microsoft Dataverse and click Create



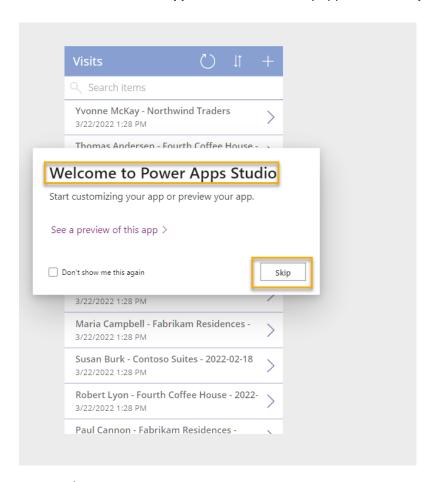
- Locate and select your Visits table
- Select Connect



o 3 screen app

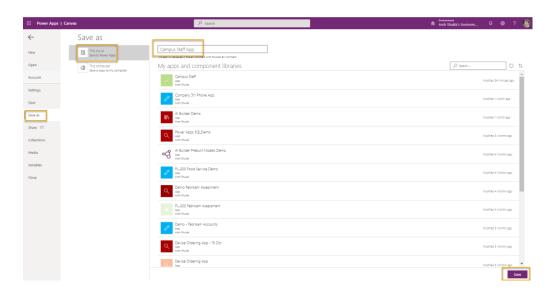


3. The Welcome to Power Apps Studio window may appear. Click Skip.



4. Save application

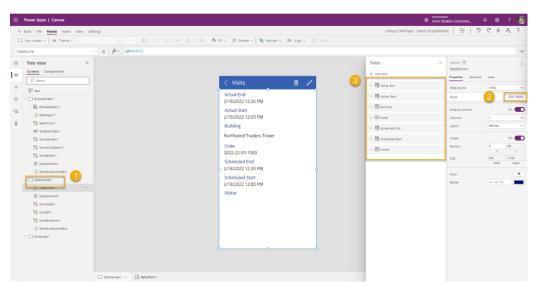
- Click File > Save.
- o Enter [Your Last Name] Campus Staff as the **App name**.
- Press Save.



Task #2: Configure Visits Detail Form

In this task, you will configure the Detail form to view information about individual visit records.

- 1. Select the **Back** arrow at the top left to go back to the app definition.
- 2. Expand DetailScreen1 under Tree view
- 3. Select DetailForm1
- 4. Select **Edit fields** next to **Fields** in the right-hand panel.
- 5. Click Add field
- 6. Select the following fields:
 - Actual End
 - Actual Start
 - Building
 - Code
 - Scheduled End
 - Scheduled Start
 - Visitor



- 7. Click Add
- 8. Rearrange fields in the **Fields** pane by dragging and dropping field names up or down. Recommended order is:
 - Code, Name, Building, Visitor, Scheduled Start, Scheduled End, Actual Start, Actual
 End

Tip: You can collapse each field by clicking the down arrow beside the field name.

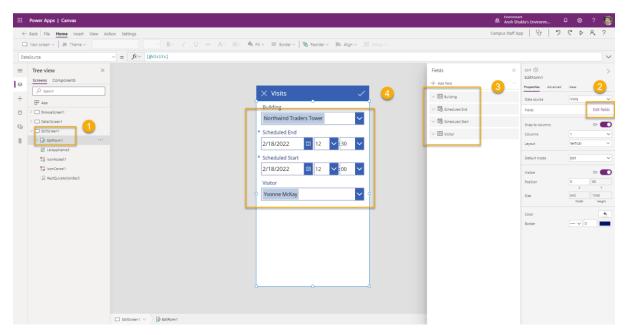
9. Remove the **Created On** field by clicking the ellipses (...) beside the field name and selecting **Remove**.

- 10. Close the Fields pane.
- 11. To preserve work in progress, click **File** then click **Save**. Use the back arrow to return to the app.

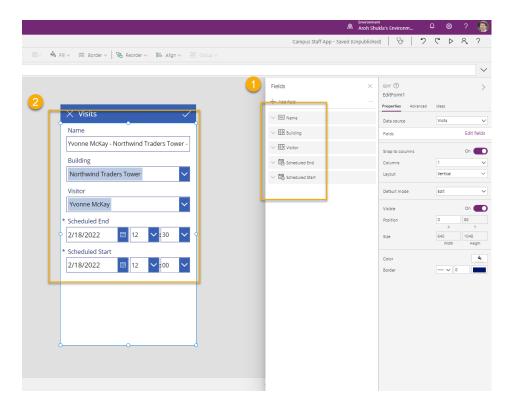
Task #3: Configure Visits Edit Form

In this task, you will configure a form to edit information about individual visit rows.

- 1. Expand EditScreen1 under Tree view
- 2. Select EditForm1
- 3. Select Created On field and press Del key to remove the field
- 4. Select **Edit fields** in the properties panel
- 5. Click Add field
- 6. Select the following fields:
 - Building
 - Scheduled End
 - Scheduled Start
 - o Visitor
- 7. Click Add



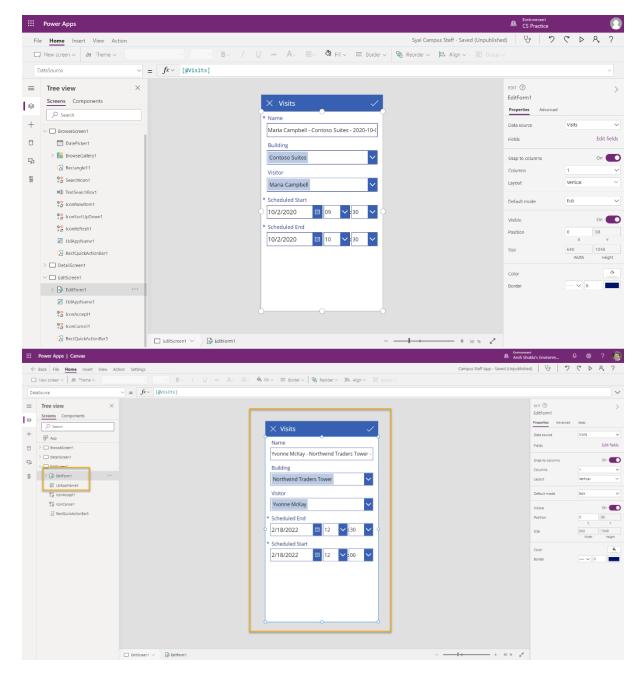
- 8. Rearrange fields in the **Fields** pane by dragging and dropping field names up or down. Recommended order is:
 - o Name, Building, Visitor, Scheduled Start, Scheduled End



Tip: You can collapse each field by clicking the down arrow beside the field name.

- 9. Close the **Fields** pane.
- 10. To preserve work in progress, click **File** then click **Save**. Use the back arrow to return to the app.

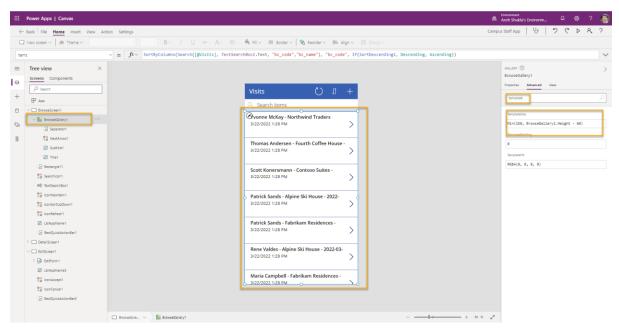
Your screen should look approximately like the following:



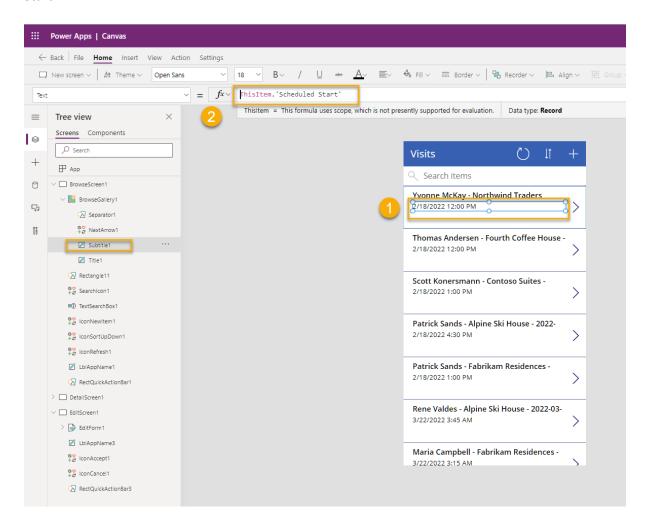
Task #4: Configure Visits gallery

In this task, you will configure the pre-generated gallery to display the title, start date and end date for the visit.

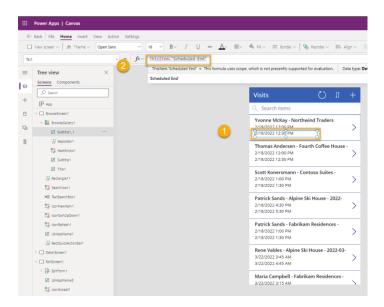
- 1. Expand BrowseScreen1 under Tree view
- 2. Select BrowseGallery1
- 3. Select **TemplateSize** property from in the Advanced Properties panel on the right
- 4. Replace the expression with the following Min(150, BrowseGallery1.Height 60). That will ensure sufficient space for additional information.



- 5. In the app preview, select the first Date Time field in the gallery.
- 6. In the formula bar at the top, change **ThisItem.'Created On'**to ThisItem.'Scheduled Start'



- 7. Select the field again
- 8. Press CTRL-C then CTRL-V to create a copy of the field.
- 9. Using either mouse or keyboard, move the copied control down and align it with the other controls in the gallery, beneath the other Date Time field.
- 10. In the formula bar at the top, change ThisItem.'Scheduled Start' to ThisItem.'Scheduled End'



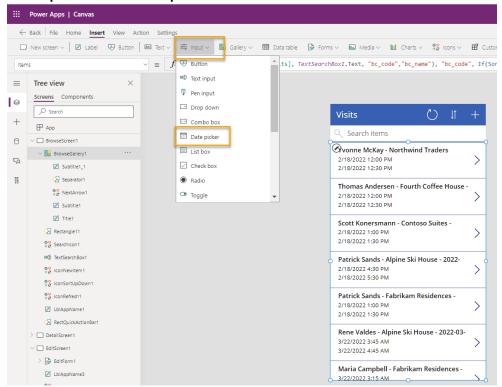
11. To preserve work in progress, click **File** then click **Save**. Use the back arrow to return to the app.

Task #5: Add date filter

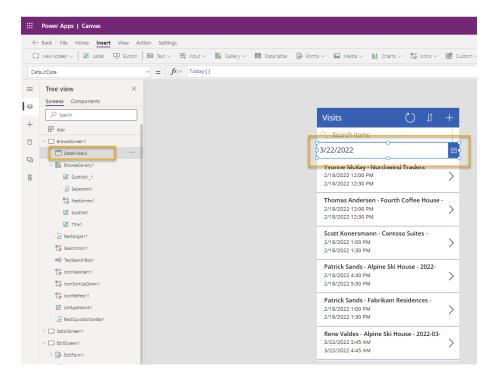
Because number of visits continuously grows, users need a feature to filter the visits gallery. For example, the user may want to see only the future visits. In this task, you will add ability to show visits only after a date selected by the user.

- 1. Select BrowseScreen1
- 2. Select **Insert** menu at the top.

3. Click Input and select Date picker.



4. Using either keyboard or mouse, position the control below the search box.



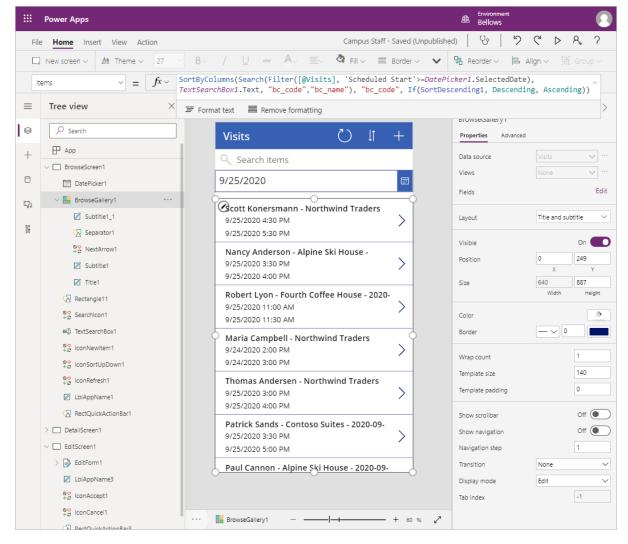
- 5. Select BrowseGallery1
- 6. Resize and move the gallery control so that it is located under the date picker and covers the screen. You can do this by clicking the resize icon at the top center of the gallery control and resizing the control to start after the date picker.
- 7. With **BrowseGallery1** selected, click the **Advanced** tab of the Properties pane.

- 8. Locate the **Items** property and click in the text box.
- 9. In the expression, locate [@Visits] and replace it with Filter(Visits, 'Scheduled End' >= DatePicker1.SelectedDate). The full expression should look like the following:

```
10. SortByColumns(
11.
           Search(
12.
      Filter(
13.
           Visits,
14.
        'Scheduled End' >= DatePicker1.SelectedDate
15.
        ),
        TextSearchBox1.Text,
16.
17.
           "bc_code","bc_name"
18.
     ),
19. "bc_scheduledstart",
20. If(SortDescending1, Descending, Ascending)
21.)
```

22. To preserve work in progress, click **File** then click **Save**. Use the back arrow to return to the app.

Your screen should look approximately like the following:



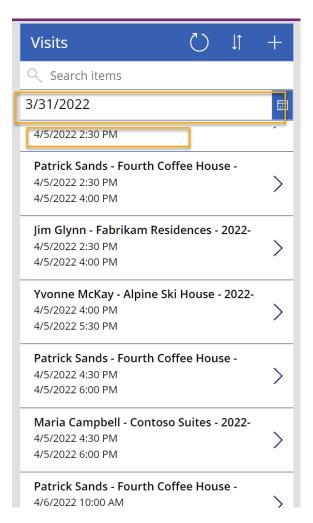
Exercise #2: Complete the App

In this exercise you will test the application and, once successful, you will add it to your solution.

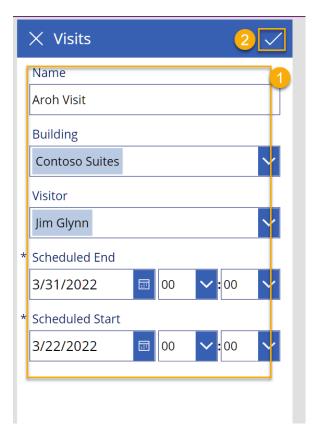
Task #1: Test App

- 1. Start the application
 - Select the BrowseScreen1 and press Function F5, or click the Play icon at the upperright corner to preview the app.
 - o The application should load and show a list of visits.

Test the filter by selecting different dates in the date picker control



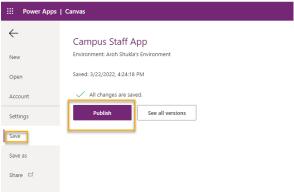
- o Select a visit and verify that display form is working properly
- Return to the gallery and press + to create a new visit. Verify that edit form contains required columns including visitor, building, and scheduled start and end dates.



- o Fill in the information and submit. Verify that the new record appears in the gallery.
- Create at least 2 more visits.
- o Press **ESC** key or click the **X** icon to close preview mode.

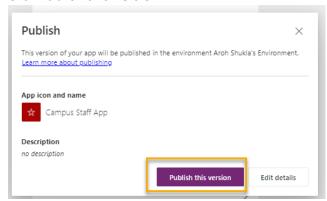
2. Save and publish the application

- o Click **File** and, if the Save button is displayed, click **Save**.
- Click Publish



•

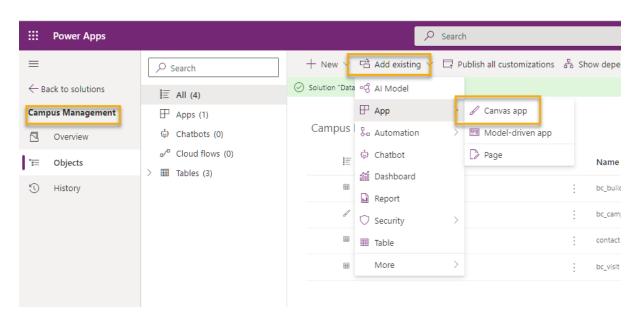
Click Publish this Version.



- Click the **Back** arrow to navigate back to the app.
- o Close the **Designer** browser window or tab.
- o Click **Leave** if prompted when tried to close the browser window.

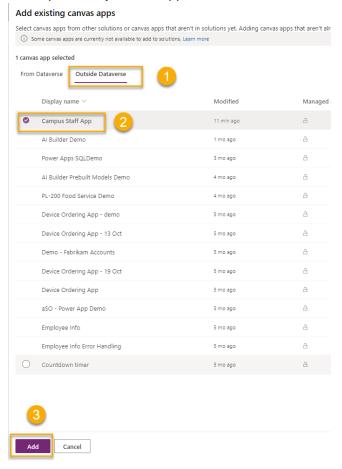
Task #2: Add App to Solution and publish

- 1. Open the Campus Management solution.
 - o Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com
 - If the Environment displayed in the top right is not your Practice environment, select your Environment.
 - Select Solutions.
 - o Click to open your Campus Management solution.
- 2. Select **Add existing**, then click **App**, and then click **Canvas app**.



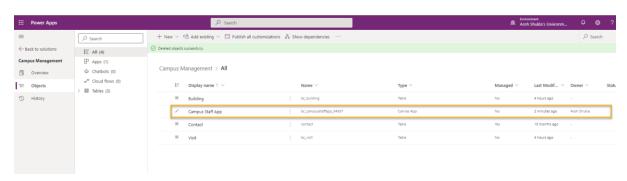
3. Select Outside Dataverse tab.

4. Select your Campus Staff app, click Add.



5. Select Publish all customizations.





Challenges

- Calendar view of all visits and filtering by date range
- Ability to create and manage contacts as part of the app
- How to display multiple meetings during a single visit

Module 3: Get started with Power Apps (Canvas Apps – Part 2)

Lab 2: How to build a canvas app, part 2

Scenario

Bellows College is an educational organization with multiple buildings on campus. Campus visits are currently recorded in paper journals. The information is not captured consistently, and there are no means to collect and analyze data about the visits across the entire campus.

Campus administration would like to modernize their visitor registration system where access to the buildings is controlled by security personnel and all visits are required to be pre-registered and recorded by their hosts.

Throughout this course, you will build applications and perform automation to enable the Bellows College administration and security personnel to manage and control access to the buildings on campus.

In part 2 of this lab, you will create design and build a Power Apps canvas app that the security personnel will use at the building entrances to quickly confirm and register the visitors.

High-level lab steps

You will follow the below outline to design the canvas app:

- Create the app using the **phone form factor**
- Connect to Dataverse as a data source
- Capture the input (visitor code) and locate the visitor row
- Configure a form viewer control to show the visitor information
- Use a Dataverse view to populate the gallery
- Handle checking-in and checking-out process for a visitor

Prerequisites

- Completion of Module 0 Lab 0 Validate lab environment
- Completion of Module 2 Lab 1 Introduction to Microsoft Dataverse

Things to consider before you begin

• What information would a security officer need quick access to?

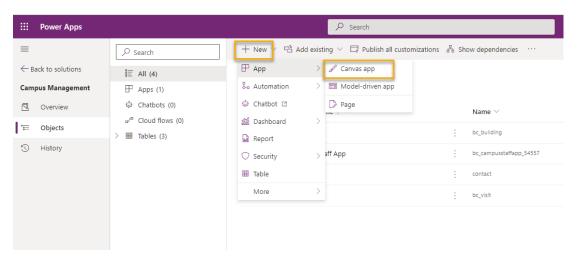
- What should happen if visitor code is invalid?
- What should happen if the visitor arrives outside of the scheduled hours?

Exercise #1: Create Security Canvas App

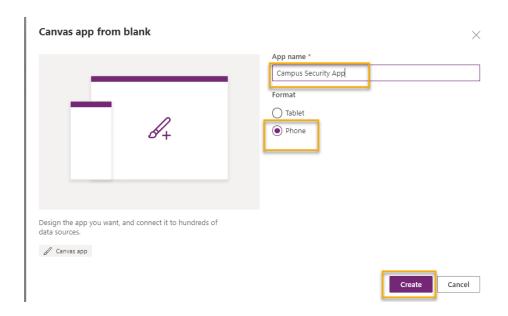
Objective: In this exercise, you will create a canvas app.

Task #1: Create Canvas App

- 1. Open your Campus Management solution.
 - Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com
 - o If the Environment displayed in the top right is not your Practice environment, select your **Environment**.
 - Select Solutions.
 - Click to open your Campus Management solution.
- 2. Create new canvas application
 - Click New and select App | Canvas App.



- o In the Canvas app from blank window, enter [Your Last Name] Campus Security in the App name field.
- Select **Phone** in the Format field.
- o Click **Create**. This will open the App Editor in a New window.



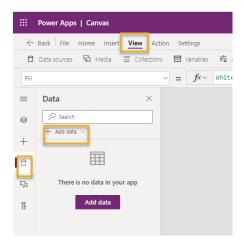
o Click **Skip** if presented with the Welcome to Power Apps Studio dialogue.

3. Save the canvas app

- Click File and select Save As.
- Check if The cloud is selected click Save.
- Verify [Your Last Name] Campus Security for Name and click Save.
- Click the **Back** arrow at the top left (below Power Apps) to return to the app.

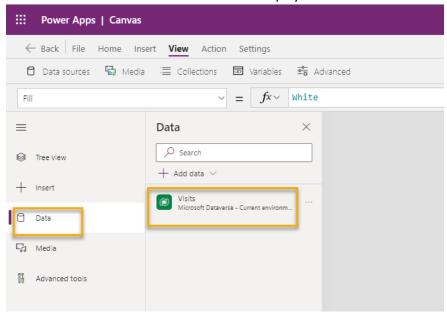
4. Connect to data source (Visits)

- Click View | Data sources
- Click + Add Data



Click See all tables

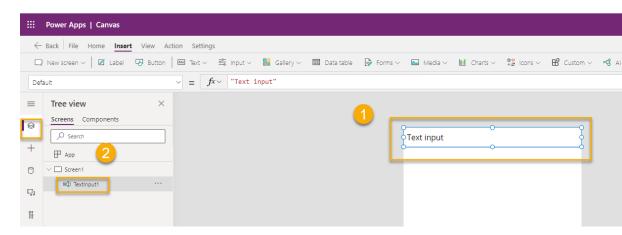
Select Visits and wait for the Visit table to display on the Data tab.



5. To preserve work in progress, click **File** then click **Save**. Use the back arrow to return to the app.

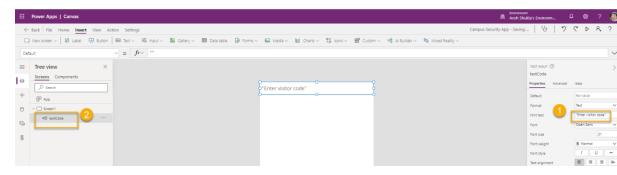
Task #2: Display Visitor information

- 1. Add search box
 - o Select the **Tree View** tab on the left navigation bar.
 - Select Screen1.
 - Go to the Insert tab.
 - Click **Text** and select **Text input**.



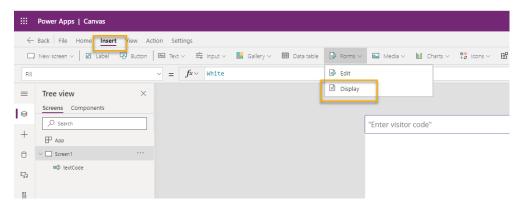
- 2. Edit the text input object
 - While still selecting the Text input object, select the text in the **Default** property and clear the value.
 - Select **Hint Text** property and enter "Enter visitor code" as the value (including double quotes)

 Click on ... next to the control name in tree view (TextInput1), select Rename, change the name to textCode



3. Add a form view

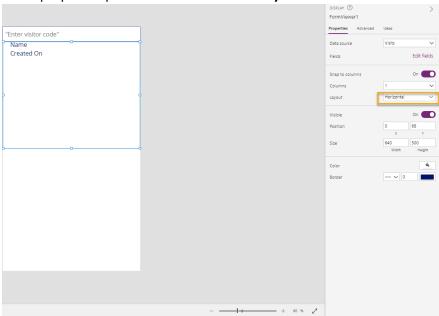
 On Insert tab click Forms then select Display (you may need to click the down arrow on the right side of the ribbon to see Forms)



- o Drag to position the form and align with the bottom of the screen
- While still selecting the new form, select DataSource property and select Visits

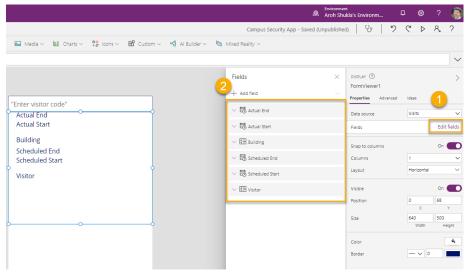


In the properties pane select Horizontal as Layout



4. Edit form view

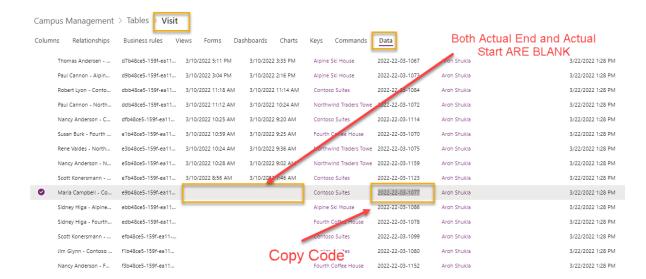
- o While still selecting the new form, click Edit fields
- Remove both the Name and Created On fields
- Click Add field and select the following fields: Actual End, Actual Start, Building, Scheduled End, Scheduled Start, Visitor
- o Press Add



- Change the order of the selected fields by dragging the field cards in the list.
 Recommended order is: Visitor, Building, Scheduled Start, Scheduled End, Actual
 Start, Actual End (you can collapse the fields to make them easier to drag)
- Click the X to close the Fields pane
- 5. While still selecting the **form view**, select the **Advanced tab** on the Properties pane. Select **Item** property and enter LookUp(Visits, Code = textCode.Text)

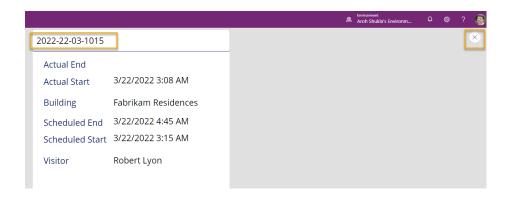
- 6. To preserve work in progress, click **File** then click **Save**. Use the back arrow to return to the app.
- 7. Prepare to test the app
 - Switch to the browser tab containing the solution
 - Click **Done** in the pop-up window
 - Select Visit table
 - Select Data tab
 - Open the View Selector in the top right by clicking the current View name, Active
 Visits
 - Change the View to All columns

Locate a Visit row that does not have an **Actual Start** or **Actual End** value (i.e., both columns are blank). Select and copy the **Code** for this Visit.



8. Test the app

- Switch to the browser tab with the app, press F5 or click the Play icon at the upperright corner to preview the app.
- Paste the copied value into the search textbox, verify that the record is displayed in the form.



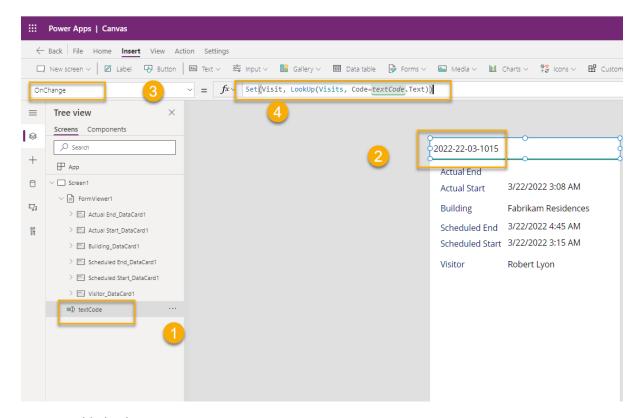
- 9. Clear the search textbox contents.
- 10. Press **ESC** to exit the running app.

Task #3: Add Check In and Check Out Buttons

In this task, we will create buttons for the user to check in and check out of their Visit.

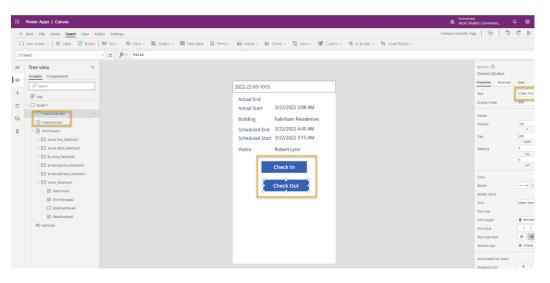
- 1. Save search results in a variable to reuse across the control
 - Select textCode control
 - o In the properties pane, select the **Advanced** tab and select **OnChange** property
 - Enter the following expression Set(Visit, LookUp(Visits, Code = textCode.Text))

This will **save the visit in a global variable** when a user searches in the textCode searchbox. That allows us to use the variable *Visit* throughout the app without the need to re-enter the entire lookup expression.



- 2. Add Check In Button
 - Select Insert tab
 - Click Button
 - In the properties pane, change the button **Text** property to "Check In" (you can type within the existing quotes)
 - Click on ... next to the button name in tree view (Button1), select Rename, change the name to CheckInButton
- 3. Add Check Out Button

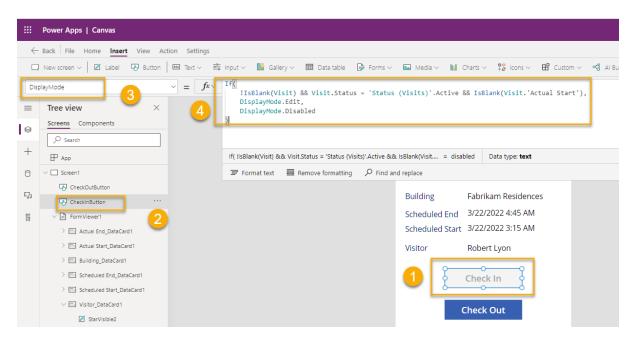
- o Click **Button** on the Insert tab to insert another button
- In the properties pane, change the button **Text** property to "Check Out" (you can type within the existing quotes)
- Rename the button as CheckOutButton
- o Position the buttons below the search box, with Check In above Check Out



Task #4: Enable and disable buttons depending on visit data

Once users have looked up the visit, we would like them to use the Check In button to check in for that visit. We would like to enable **Check In** button when the visit record has been located (not blank), record status is active, and the visit has not started yet, i.e. the actual start value is blank.

- 1. Select the **Check In button** and click on the **Display Mode** property of the button in the Properties tab
- 2. Enter the expression below in the function bar:
- 3. If(!IsBlank(Visit)
- 4. && Visit.Status = 'Status (Visits)'.Active
- 5. && IsBlank(Visit.'Actual Start'),
- 6. DisplayMode.Edit,
- 7. DisplayMode.Disabled



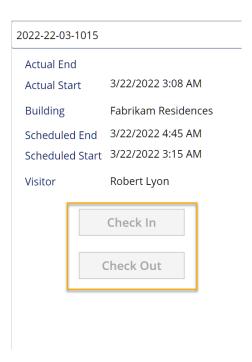
The expression can be broken down as following:

- !IsBlank(Visit) visit record was found
- && logical AND operator
- Visit.Status = 'Status (Visits)'.Active status of the record is Active
- o IsBlank(Visit.'Actual Start') Active Start field does not have any data in it
- DisplayMode.Edit, DisplayMode.Disabled If the above conditions are met, the button will become editable. If not, the button will remain disabled.

We would like to enable **Check Out** button when the visit record has been located (not blank), record status is active, and the visit has already started, i.e. the actual start value is not blank.

- 3. Select the Check Out button and click on the **Display Mode** property of the button in the Properties tab
- 4. Enter the expression below in the function bar:
- 5. If(!IsBlank(Visit)
- 6. && Visit.Status = 'Status (Visits)'.Active
- 7. && !IsBlank(Visit.'Actual Start'),
- 8. DisplayMode.Edit,
- 9. DisplayMode.Disabled
- 10.)
- 11. To preserve work in progress, click **File** then click **Save**. Use the back arrow to return to the app.

- 12. Press F5 to run the app.
- 13. Both buttons should be disabled. Enter the code value you copied previously and press **Tab** to move the focus away from the textbox (or click outside of the textbox). The **Check In** button should become enabled.



- 14. Clear the search box contents.
- 15. Press **ESC** to exit the running app.

Task #5: Complete Check In and Check Out Process

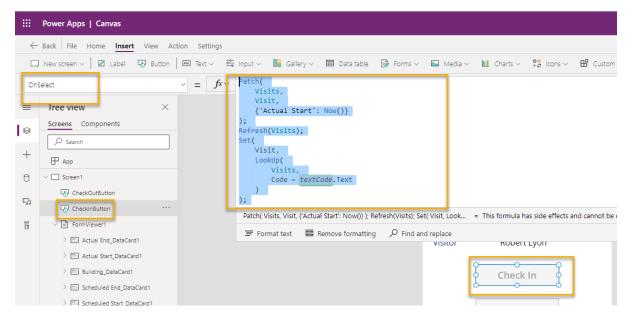
To perform the check in and check out process we need to update Dataverse visit data as following:

- When visitor checks in, set Actual Start field to the current date and time
- When visitor checks out, set Actual End field to the current date and time.
- After check out, set the record status to inactive, indicating that the visit has been completed
- 1. Select Check In button.
- 2. Set **OnSelect** property on the Advanced tab to the following expression.
- 3. Patch(
- 4. Visits,
- 5. Visit,
- 6. {'Actual Start': Now()}
- 7.);
- 8. Refresh([@Visits]);
- Set(Visit, LookUp(Visits, Code = textCode.Text));

This expression contains the following parts:

- Patch(Visits, Visit, {'Actual Start': Now()}); Patch method updates Visits table, the
 row identified by Visit variable (which is the current visit). The expression sets the
 value of Actual Start column to the current date and time (Now() method).
- Refresh([@Visits]); This expression refreshes the visit rows, as the underlying values have changed
- Set(Visit, LookUp(Visits, Code = textCode.Text)); This expression updates
 the Visit variable with fresh data from Dataverse.

When a user clicks this button, the Actual Start of the Visit will be set to the current date and time and the data will refresh.

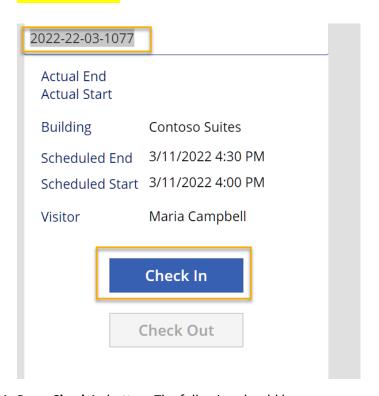


- 10. Select Check Out button.
- 11. Set **OnSelect** property on the Advanced tab to the following expression:
- 12. Patch(
- 13. [@Visits],
- 14. Visit,
- 15. {
- 16. 'Actual End': Now(),
- 17. Status: 'Status (Visits)'.Inactive
- 18. }
- 19.);
- 20. Refresh([@Visits]);
- 21. Set(Visit, LookUp(Visits, Code = textCode.Text));

When a user clicks this button, the Actual End will be set to the current date and time, the Status of the Visit will be set to Inactive, and the data will refresh.

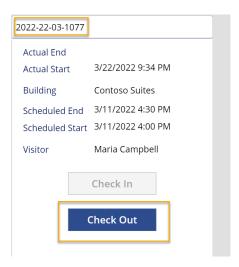
- 22. To preserve work in progress, click **File** then click **Save**. Use the **Back** arrow to return to the app.
- 23. Press **F5** or click the Play button to run the app. Enter the code value you copied previously and press **Tab** to move the focus away from the textbox. The **Check In** button should become enabled.

2022-22-03-1077

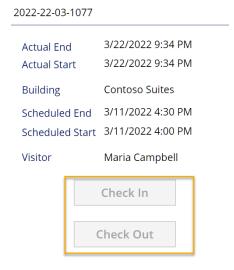


- 24. Press **Check In** button. The following should happen:
 - o **Actual Start** is set to the current date and time
 - Check In button is disabled

Check Out button is enabled



- 25. Press Check Out button.
 - o Actual End is set to the current date and time
 - o Both buttons are disabled



- 26. Clear the search box contents.
- 27. Press ESC to exit the running app.

Task #6: Add visual indicators

Usability of a mobile app significantly improves when visual indicators are provided. In this task, we will add an icon indicating if a visitor can be checked in or checked out.

- 1. Select Insert tab
- 2. Select **Icons | Add**. Select an Icon. At this point it does not matter which icon we select as we want the value to be dynamic.
- 3. Resize and place the icon to the left of the buttons

- 4. In the Advanced tab for the Icon, select **Icon** property (in the Design section) and enter the following expression
- 5. If(
- 6. CheckInButton.DisplayMode = DisplayMode.Disabled
- 7. && CheckOutButton.DisplayMode = DisplayMode.Disabled,
- 8. Icon.EmojiFrown,
- 9. Icon.EmojiSmile
- 10.)
- 11. To preserve work in progress, click **File** then click **Save**. Use the **Back** arrow to return to the app.
- 12. Press **F5** to run the app. Enter the code value you copied previously and press **Tab** to move the focus away from the textbox. Verify the icon displays a frown emoji.
- 13. Find a **different code** value that has not been used before (it should not have an Actual Start or Actual End value).

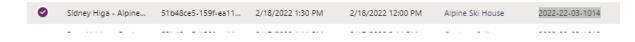
2022-22-03-1005

2022-22-03-1005	
Actual End Actual Start	3/22/2022 3:51 AM
Building	Alpine Ski House
Scheduled End Scheduled Start	3/22/2022 4:45 AM 3/22/2022 3:45 AM
Visitor	Rene Valdes
☺	Check In
	Check Out

You can navigate to the previous tab to copy another Code from one of the Visits you have created. You also have the option to run your **Campus Staff** app created previously to create new visit records. Verify the icon displays a smile emoji for this code.

Your running app should look approximately like the following:

2022-22-03-1014





Visitor Sidney Higa

Building Fabrikam Residences

Scheduled Start 11/27/2020 4:00 PM

Scheduled End 11/27/2020 5:30 PM

Actual Start
Actual End

8. Press **ESC** to exit the running app.

Task #7: Publish the app

- 1. You should still have the Campus Security app open in your browser. If not, select **Campus Security** app and click **Edit**.
- 2. Select File | Publish
- 3. Select Publish this version

Challenges

- Avoid manual entry of the visit code
- Add building validation for the visit
- Add validation of the visit actual time vs visit scheduled time (too early, too late, etc)
- Add detailed status of the visit, e.g. email display and validation for the visitor, reason for denying building access, etc
- Multiple buildings/meetings/checkings during a single campus visit. For example, someone
 may visit campus for a day and during that day they will meet staff members in multiple
 buildings at different time of the day. Would you consider bringing appointment entity into
 the solution?

Module 3: Get started with Power Apps (Model Driven App)

Lab 3: How to build a model-driven app

Scenario

Bellows College is an educational organization with multiple buildings on campus. Campus visitors are currently recorded in paper journals. The information is not captured consistently, and there are no means to collect and analyze data about the visits across the entire campus.

Campus administration would like to modernize their visitor registration system where access to the buildings is controlled by security personnel and all visits are required to be pre-registered and recorded by their hosts.

Throughout this course, you will build applications and perform automation to enable the Bellows College administration and security personnel to manage and control access to the buildings on campus.

• In this lab, you will build a **Power Apps model-driven app** to allow the **Backoffice campus** staff to manage visit records across the entire campus.

High-level lab steps

As part of creating the model-driven app, you will complete the following:

- Create a new model-driven app named Campus Management
- Edit the app navigation to reference the required tables
- Customize the forms and views of the required tables for the app

We will work with the following components:

- **Views**: Views allow the user to display the existing data in the form table.
- **Forms**: This is where the user creates/updates new rows in the tables.

Both will be integrated to the model-driven app for a better user-experience.

Prerequisites

- Completion of Module 0 Lab 0 Validate lab environment
- Completion of Module 2 Lab 1 Introduction to Microsoft Dataverse

Things to consider before you begin

- What changes should we make to improve the user experience?
- What should we include in a model-driven app based on the data model we have built?
- What customizations can be made on the sitemap of a model-driven app?

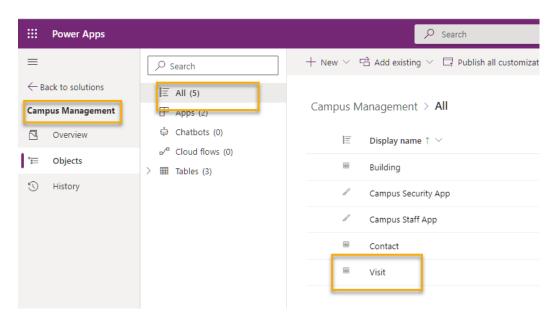
Exercise #1: Customize Views and Forms

Objective: In this exercise, you will customize views and forms of the custom created tables that will be used in the model-driven app.

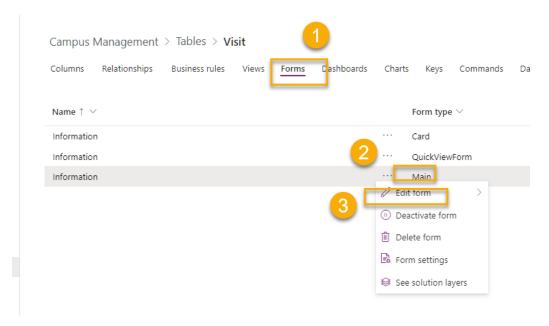
Task #1: Edit Visit Form

- 1. Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com if you are not already signed in.
- 2. Select your **environment.**

- 3. Select Solutions.
- 4. Click to open your **Campus Management** solution.
- 5. Click to open the **Visit** entity.



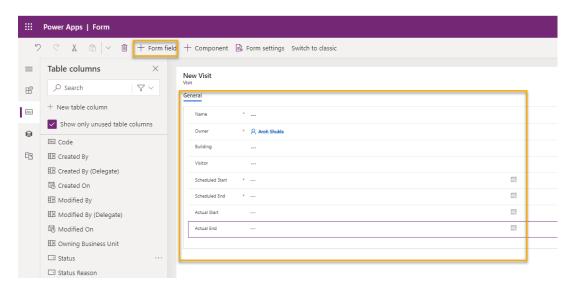
6. Select the **Forms** tab and select the **Main** form type and click **Edit form**.



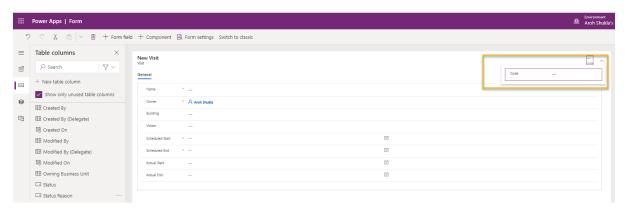
By default, the form has two fields: Name (Primary Field) and Owner.

- 7. Select **+ Form field** and add the following fields below the **Owner** field by dragging columns to the form or simply clicking column names:
 - o Building
 - o Visitor
 - Scheduled Start

- Scheduled End
- o Actual Start
- Actual End

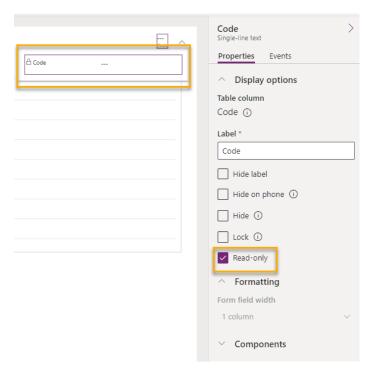


8. Drag the **Code** column and drop it in the form header.

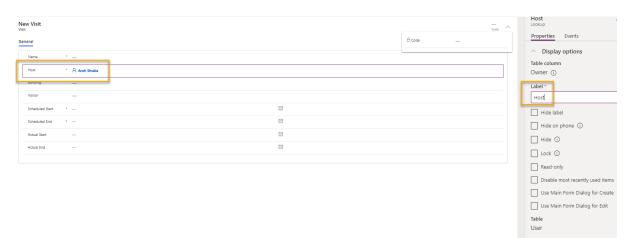


The header is the top right area of the form. You may need to minimize the Properties panel on the right side of the screen to see the field on the form.

9. With the **Code** field still selected, check the checkbox for **Read-only** in the Properties panel.

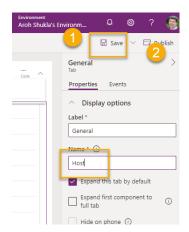


10. Select Owner field. In the Properties panel, change the Field label to Host



11. Click **Save** at the top right and wait for the save to complete.

12. Click **Publish** at the top right and wait for the publishing to complete.

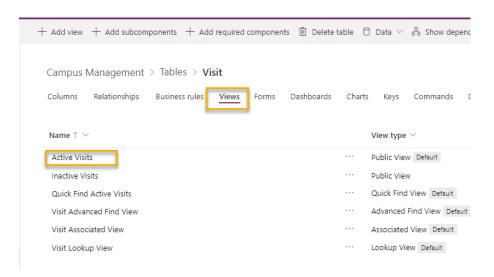


13. If the edit view opened in a new tab, close the tab. Otherwise, click **Back** at the top left of the screen. You should now be back to the Visit entity Forms Tab.

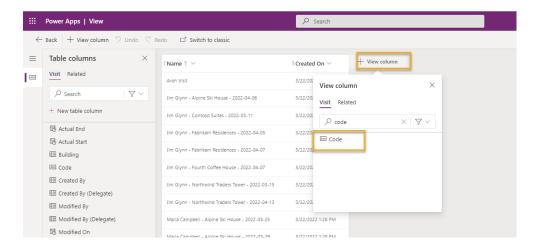
Task #2: Edit Visit Views

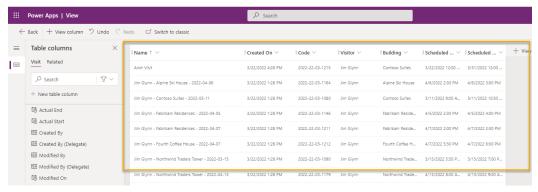
In this task, we will modify the default Active Visits view and create a new view for today's visits.

1. Select the Views tab and click to open the Active Visits view.

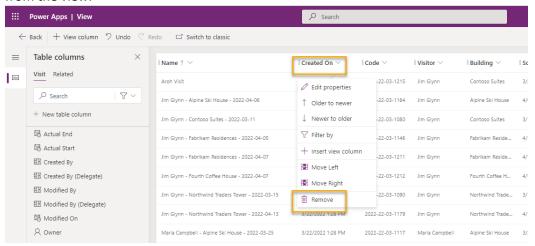


- 2. Add the following fields to the view by either clicking or dragging and dropping the fields:
 - Code
 - Visitor
 - o Building
 - Scheduled Start
 - Scheduled End

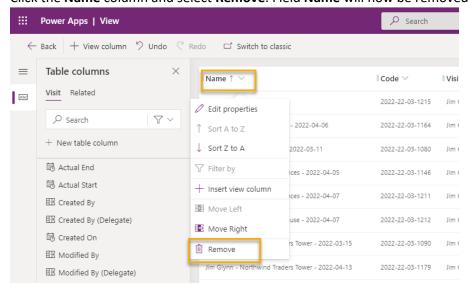




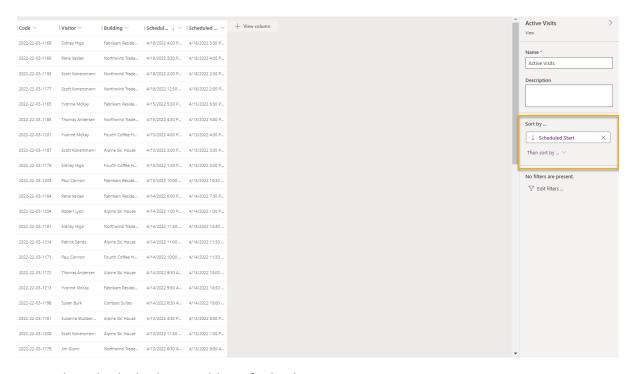
3. Click the **Created On** column and select **Remove**. Field **Created On** will now be removed from the view.



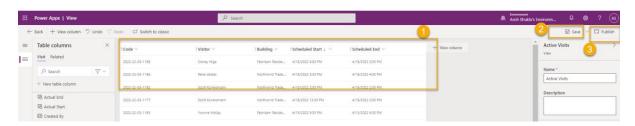
Click the Name column and select Remove. Field Name will now be removed from the view.



4. In the Properties panel on the right, click **Sort by ...** and select **Scheduled Start**. Click on **Scheduled Start** again to change the order to descending.

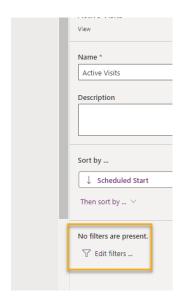


- 5. Resize the individual column widths to fit the data.
- 6. Click **Save** and wait until the changes are saved.
- 7. Click **Publish** and wait for the publishing to complete.

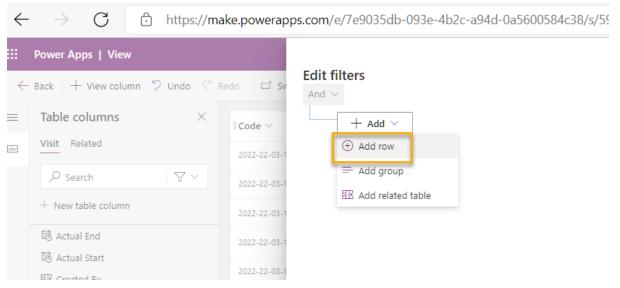


Now, we will clone the view to create a new view for today's visits.

9. Press **Edit filters** link in the Properties panel.

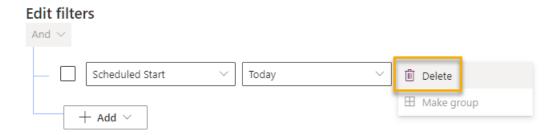


10. Click Add, select Add row.

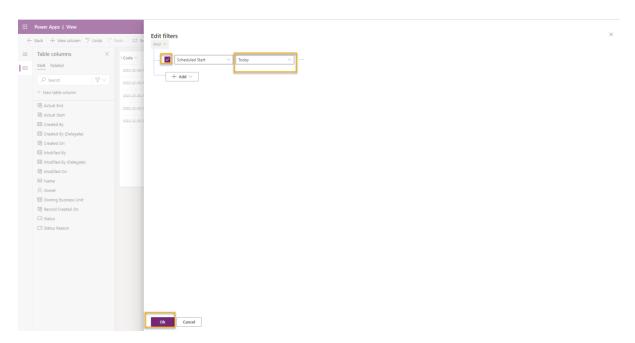


11. Select **Scheduled Start** as a field, then select **Today** as the condition in the drop-down.

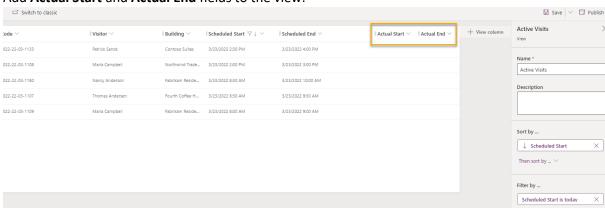
12. Click the ... on the **Status** row and click **Delete**.



13. Press **Ok** to save the condition. The view is now filtered to show only records where the Scheduled Start date is today.

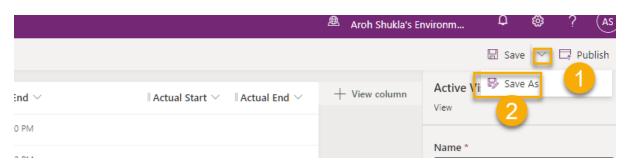


14. Add Actual Start and Actual End fields to the view.

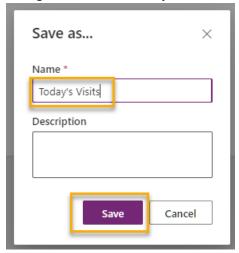


> **Note:** Since we no longer filter on the view status, we will get all today's visits including completed ones. These fields will help to differentiate completed visits and visits in progress.

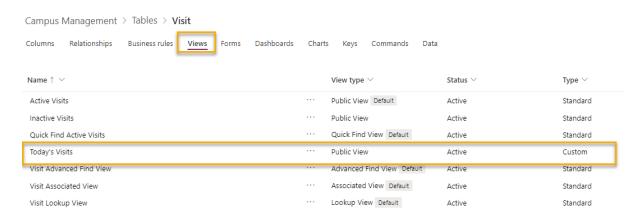
15. Click on the **dropdown arrow** by the Save button (be careful not to press the button itself) and select **Save As**.



16. Change the name to Today's Visits and press Save.



17. Click **Publish** and wait for the publishing to complete.



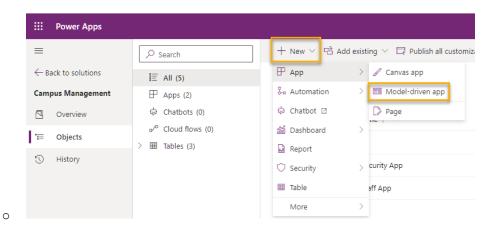
Exercise #2: Create Model-Driven Application

Objective: In this exercise, you will create the model-driven app, customize the sitemap, and test the app.

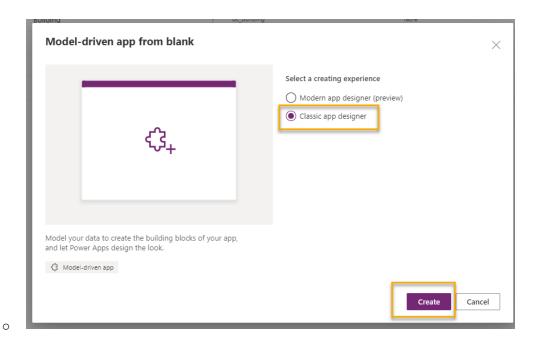
You will see several fields not addressed as you build out your application, particularly on the sitemap steps. We have taken some short cuts in the interest of doing the labs. In a real implementation, you would give these items logical names.

Task <u>#1</u>: Create Application

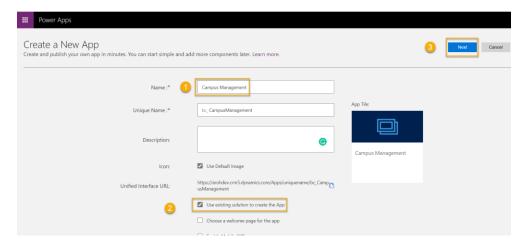
- 1. Open your Campus Management solution if you are not already in it.
 - o Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com
 - o While in your environment, click to open your **Campus Management** solution.
- 2. Create the Model-Driven Application
 - o Click **New** and select **App** and then **Model-driven app**.



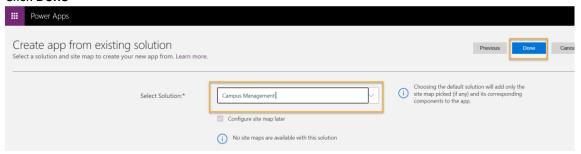
o In the Model-driven app from blanks screen, click **Create**.



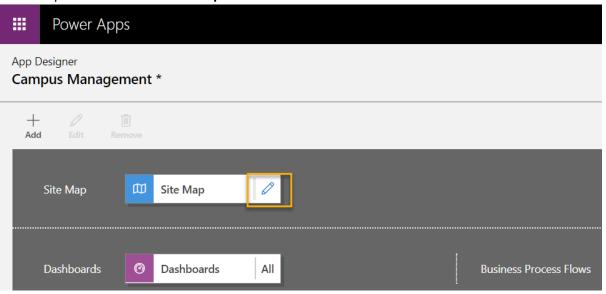
- o Enter [Your Last Name] Campus Management for Name.
- Select Use existing solution to create the App checkbox
- Select Next



- Select your Campus Management solution
- Click Done



3. Click the pencil icon next to **Site Map.**



- 4. Edit the default titles
 - Select New Area.
 - o Change the Title of the New Area to **Campus** in the properties pane on the right.

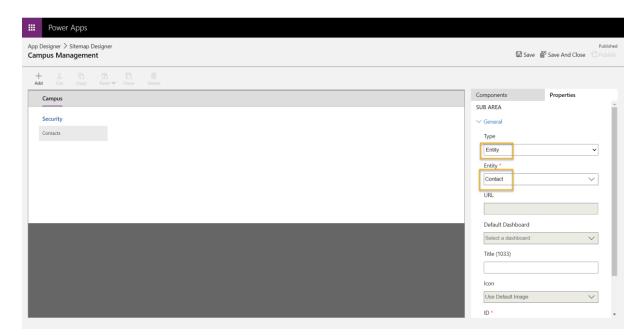


- Select New Group.
- o Change the Title of the New Group to **Security** in the properties pane on the right.

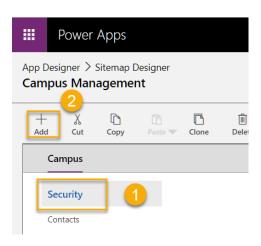


- 5. Add the Contact table to the sitemap
 - o Select **New Subarea**.
 - o In the **Properties** pane, select **Entity** from the dropdown for **Type**.

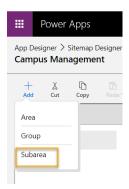
Search for Contact table from the dropdown for Entity.



- 6. Add the Visit table to the sitemap
 - Select Security group and click Add.



o Select **Subarea**.

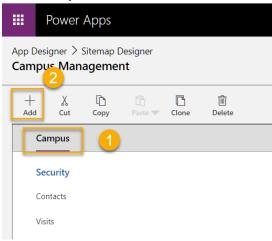


o Go to the **Properties** pane.

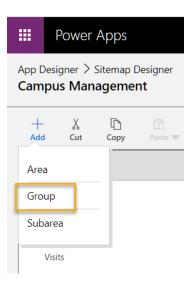
 Select Entity from the dropdown for Type and search for Visit table from the dropdown for Entity.



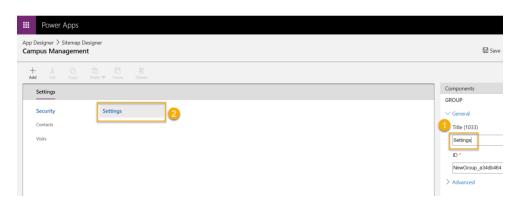
- 7. Add the Building table to the sitemap
 - o Select Campus area and click Add.



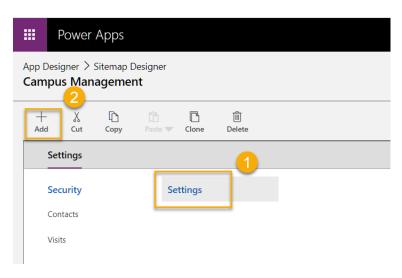
Select Group.



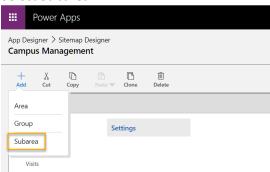
Enter Settings for Title in the Properties pane.



With the Settings group still selected, click Add.

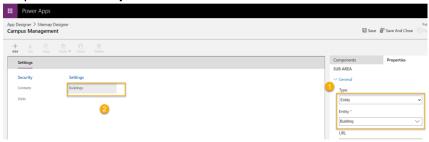


o Select Subarea.



o Go to the **Properties** pane.

 Select Entity from the dropdown for Type and search for Building table from the dropdown for Entity.



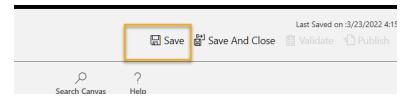
- 8. Click **Save**. This will show the loading screen while the changes are getting saved.
- 9. Click **Publish** to publish the sitemap and wait for the publishing to complete.



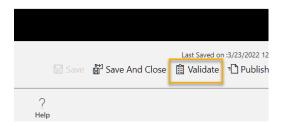
10. Click **Save and Close** to close the sitemap editor.



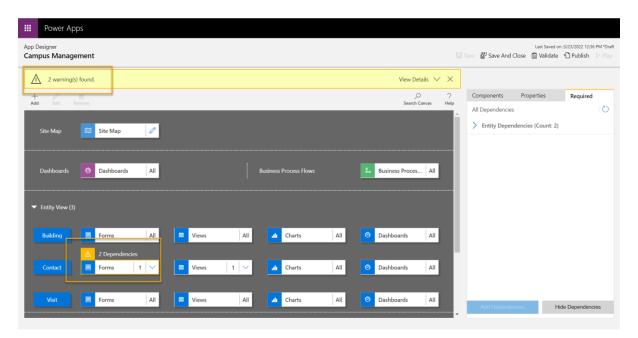
- > You will see the assets for the entities that were added to the sitemap are now in the application.
 - 11. Click **Save** on the App Designer.



12. Click **Validate** to validate the changes done in the application.



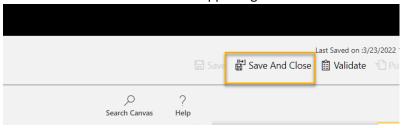
> This will show some warnings but we can ignore them, since we have not referenced a specific View and Form for the entities and the users will have access to all the Views and Forms for **Visit** and **Building** entities.



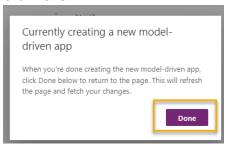
13. Click Publish



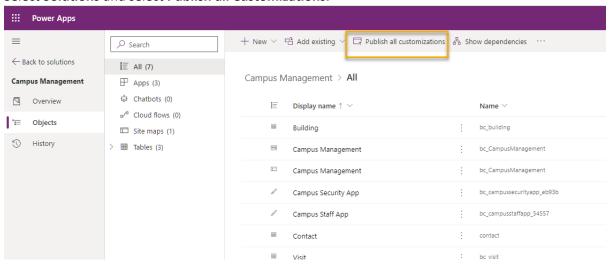
14. Click **Save and Close** to close the app designer.



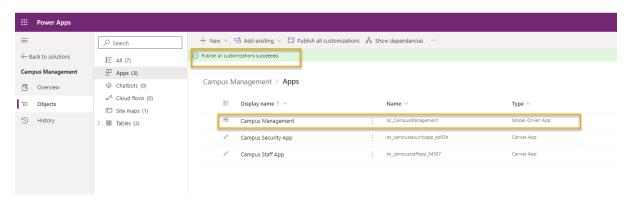
15. Click Done.



16. Select Solutions and select Publish all Customizations.

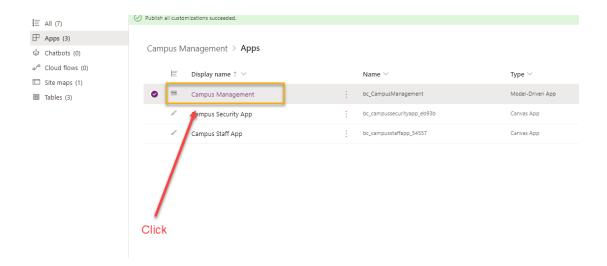


17. Select **Apps** and your application should now be listed.

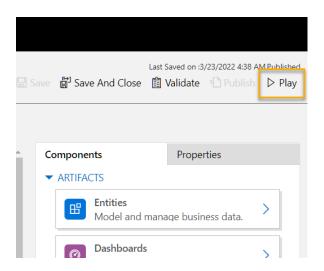


Task #2: Test Application

- 1. Start the application
 - Select Apps and click on your Campus Management app. (If you don't see your app at first, you may need to refresh your browser.)
 - o The application should open in a new window.



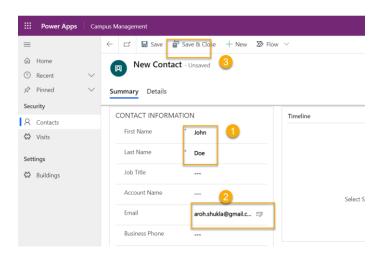
Click on Play



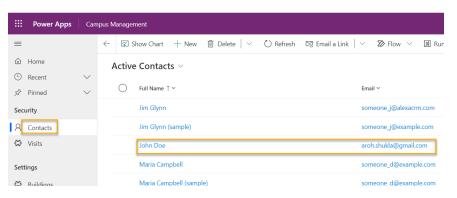
2. Create new Contact

- The app should open to the Active Contacts view
- Click New from the top menu.
- o Provide **First Name** as John and **Last Name** as Doe.
- o Provide your personal email as **Email**. This will be used in a future lab.

o Click Save and Close.

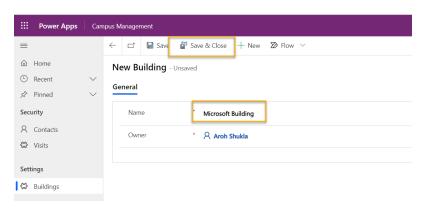


o You should now see the created contact on the **Active Contacts** view.



3. Create new Building

- Select Buildings from the sitemap.
- o Click New.
- o Enter the Name as Microsoft Building
- Click Save and Close. This will show the newly created record on the Active Buildings View.



4. Create new Visit

Select Visits from the sitemap.

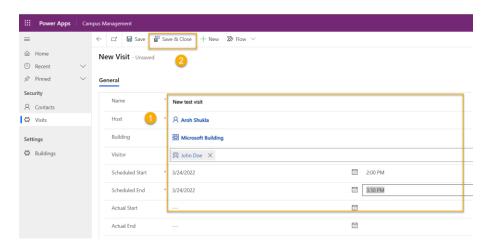
- o Click New.
- Enter the fields as following

Name: New test visit

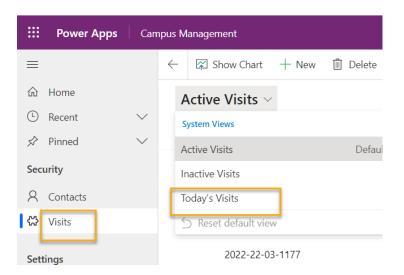
Building: Alpine Ski House

• Visitor: select John Doe

- Scheduled Start: select tomorrow's date and 2:00 PM as start time
- Scheduled End: select tomorrow's date and 3:30 PM as end time
- Click Save and Close. This will create the Visit and you should be able to see it on the Active Visits View.

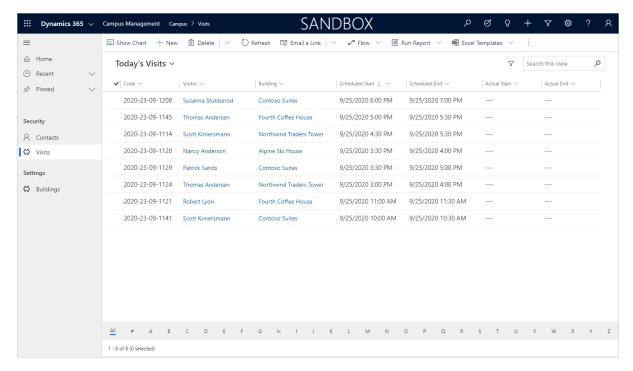


 Change view to **Today's Visits**. You should no longer see the new visit in the view, since it is scheduled for tomorrow.



5. You may add more test records.

Your running app should look approximately like the following:



Challenges

- Select specific views and forms for Visits and Buildings
- Security personnel typically work in a single building. How would you provide an easy way for them to display visits only for a selected building?
- Restrict access to specific entities, e.g. Buildings should be read-only for all staff members except the administrators
- What Dashboards would you consider adding to the app?

Module 3: Get started with Power Apps (Power Apps Portal)

Lab 4: How to build a Power Apps portal

Scenario

Bellows College is an educational organization with multiple buildings on campus. Campus visits are currently recorded in paper journals. The information is not captured consistently, and there are no means to collect and analyze data about the visits across the entire campus.

Campus administration would like to provide the visitors with the information about the buildings on campus. The visitors will be able to view the buildings list on a website, which will be built using a Power Apps portal.

In this lab,

• you will provision a **Power Apps portal** and **create a portals webpage** that will show a listing of the buildings on campus.

High-level lab steps

You will follow the below outline to design the Power Apps portal:

- Provision a Power Apps portal in the Dataverse environment
- Create and configure a webpage to show a list of the buildings
- Create a new theme and apply it to the portal

Prerequisites

- Completion of Module 0 Lab 0 Validate lab environment
- Completion of Module 2 Lab 1 Introduction to Microsoft Dataverse

Things to consider before you begin

Power Apps portals apps are always started from a template instead of a blank application.
 Your portal should have been created in Module 0 Lab 0. Once you provision a portal, it will already have pages, menus and a default theme.

Exercise #1: Create a Portal Webpage

Objective: In this exercise, you will create a new webpage that will display some static content as well as a list of buildings from Dataverse.

Task #1: Navigate to Portal

- 1. Navigate to https://make.powerapps.com.
- 2. Verify that you are in your Practice Environment. If you are not, change the environment at the top right.
- 3. Click on Apps
- 4. Locate the app that has the Type of Portal
- 5. Click on the app name to open the portal

You should be redirected to your portal website landing page with a welcome message. Navigate your portal to see what was created by default when you provisioned your portal.

Task #2: Create a Webpage

- 1. Open Power Apps portals Studio
 - Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com (you may still have this open in your tabs)
 - Select Apps
 - Locate the app that has the Type of Portal
 - o Click on the ellipses (...) to the right of the portals app name and choose Edit

You are now in the Power Apps portals Studio. This is where you can modify and create portal content.

2. Create a new page

- From the command bar, select New page
- Select Landing page
- 3. In the properties pane, under **Display** change the **Name** from **New page (1)** to Building Directory
- 4. In the **Partial URL** change the value to building-directory, press the Tab key (to initiate autosave)

The title of the page should now read **Building Directory**

Task #3: Add Static Content

- 1. Add a section to the webpage
 - On the canvas (area showing webpage), select a section of the page that is not a column.
 - o On the toolbelt (left side), select the **Components** icon
 - Choose Two columns section from the Section layout area

2. Add Static Text

- o On the canvas (area showing webpage), select the left column
- o On the toolbelt (left side), select the **Components** icon
- Choose Text from the Portal components area
- In the new text area, enter the following text:
- The following is the building directory.
- Select the text box above the one you just edited, and click **Delete** on the command bar to remove the default text.

3. Add an Image

- o On the canvas (area showing webpage), select the right column
- o On the toolbelt (left side), select the **Components** icon
- Choose Image from the Portal components area
- In the properties pane, click Select an image. Locate and select the Pages.png
- In the properties pane, click the Formatting section drop-down and change the Width to 70% (be sure to type the %). You can play around with the sizing of the image until it is as desired.
- 4. Configure rights to display the the building list
 - From the left menu, click on Settings (gear symbol) and choose View more settings.
 This will open additional settings in a new tab.
 - o In the left menu, scroll down to **Security** and select **Table Permissions**.
 - Click **New** and add following values:

- Name: Show Building List
- Table Name: From the dropdown on the right side select Building (bc_building)
- Website: Click on the Magnifier and select your website (Bellows College Visitors – [your naming])
- Access Type: Global
- Privileges: Read
- o From the top menu, select **Save**.
- Scroll down to the Web Roles section and Add Existing Web Role.
- Click on the magnifier, select Anonymous Users and click Add.
- From the top menu, select Save & Close.
- Go back to the previous tab.
- 5. Click **Browse website** to view the page so far. Notice that there is now the **Building Directory** option on the main menu.

You may need to configure your browser to allow pop-ups.

Task #4: Add a List Component

- 1. Navigate to the previous tab and continue to step #2. If not available, follow the below steps to return to this location.
 - Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com (you may still have this open in your tabs)
 - Locate the app that has the Type of Portal
 - Click on the ellipses (...) and choose Edit
 - o On the toolbelt (left hand side), choose the **Pages** option
 - Locate and select the Building Directory page you created earlier
- 2. Add a list component to the Building Directory page
 - Select the section with two columns.
 - o On the toolbelt (left side), select the **Components** icon
 - Choose One column section from the Section layout area (a section will appear below the image and text on the webpage)
 - Select the new column section on the canvas
 - o On the toolbelt (left side), select the **Components** icon
 - Choose List from the Portal Components area (a list component will appear in the new section)
- 3. Configure the list component

- Select the list component on the canvas
- o In the properties pane (right side), enter in Buildings List in the Name field
- o In the **Table** field, choose **Building (bc_building)** from the drop-down list
- In the Views, choose Active Buildings
- Leave the remaining default settings
- 4. Click **Browse website** to view the page.

You should see the list of Buildings from your Dataverse database appear on the webpage.

Exercise #2: Change the Portal Theme

Objective: In this exercise, you will create a new theme that will alter the color scheme of your portal.

Task #1: Apply and Edit a Theme

- 1. Navigate to the previous tab and continue to step #2. If not available, follow the below steps to return to this location.
 - Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com (you may still have this open in your tabs)
 - o Locate the app that has the Type of Portal
 - o Click on the ellipses (...) and choose Edit
- 2. Apply and customize a basic theme
 - o On the toolbelt (left side), select the **Themes** icon
 - o Ensure that the toggle for **Enable basic theme** is set to on.
 - o On one of presets, click the ellipses (...) and choose **Customize**
 - A copy of the basic theme has been created.
 - On the properties pane, play around with changing the colors and exploring the impact of these changes to your portal.
 - Rename your theme
- 3. On the command bar, click Sync configuration

Your app layout should look similar to the following structure:

Contoso Ltd

Building Directory

Here are the buildings located at Bellows College.



Name 🕇	Created On
Alpine Ski House	9/23/2020 5:24 PM
Contoso Suites	9/23/2020 5:24 PM
Fabrikam Residences	9/23/2020 5:24 PM
Fourth Coffee House	9/23/2020 5:24 PM
Microsoft Building	9/24/2020 4:57 PM
Northwind Traders Tower	9/23/2020 5:24 PM

Challenges

- Create a different view of Buildings that just displays the Building Name. You will need to select **Browse website** from the Portal studio to see the changes.
- On the toolbelt, click on the **Themes** icon and edit the CSS of your custom theme.
- Create a page with the Form component and modify a List component to add or edit Dataverse rows with the form.
- Enable Entity Permissions in a List component Settings, what happens to the data?
- In the Portal studio, select the Source Code Editor icon </> to view the page source. If you are comfortable with HTML, make some modifications and view the results.

Module 4: Get Started with Power Automate

Lab: How to build an automated solution

Scenario

Bellows College is an educational organization with multiple buildings on campus. Campus visitors are currently recorded in paper journals. The information is not captured consistently, and there are no means to collect and analyze data about the visits across the entire campus.

Campus administration would like to modernize their visitor registration system where access to the buildings is controlled by security personnel and all visits are required to be pre-registered and recorded by their hosts.

Throughout this course, you will build applications and perform automation to enable the Bellows College administration and security personnel to manage and control access to the buildings on campus.

In this lab,

 you will create Power Automate flows to automate various parts of the campus management.

High-level lab steps

The following have been identified as requirements you must implement to complete the project:

- The unique code assigned to each visitor must be made available to them prior to their visit.
- **Security personnel need to receive notifications** of visitors overstaying their scheduled timeslots.

Prerequisites

- Completion of Module 0 Lab 0 Validate lab environment
- Completion of Module 2 Lab 1 Introduction to Microsoft Dataverse
- Campus Staff app created in Module 3 Lab 2 How to build a canvas app, part 2 (for testing)
- John Doe contact created with a personal email address in Module 3 Lab 4 How to build a model-driven app (for testing)

Things to consider before you begin

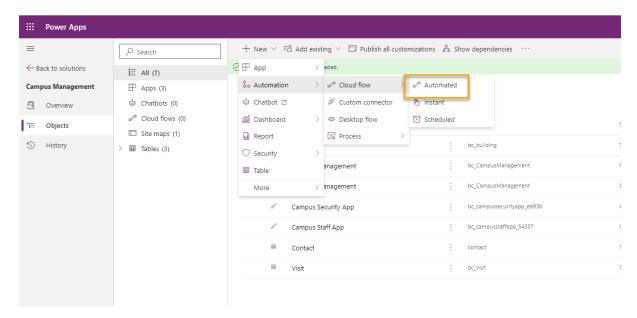
- What is the most appropriate distribution mechanism for the visitor codes?
- How could overstays be measured and strict policies enforced?

Exercise #1: Create Visit Notification flow

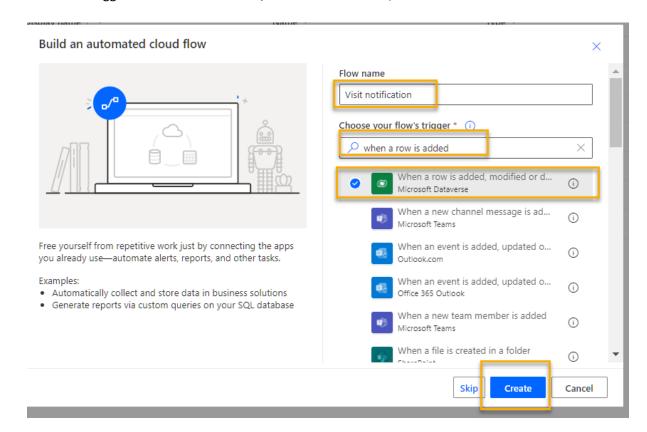
Objective: In this exercise, you will create a Power Automate flow that implements the requirement. The visitor should be sent an email that includes the unique code assigned to the visit.

Task #1: Create flow

- 1. Open your Campus Management solution.
 - Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com
 - Select your environment.
 - Select Solutions.
 - Click to open your Campus Management solution.
- 2. Click **New** and select **Automation**, **Cloud flow** and then **Automated**. This will open the Power Automate flow editor in a new window.

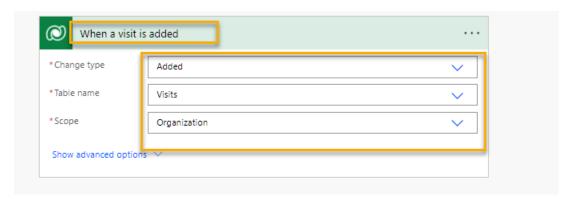


- 3. In Choose your flow's trigger, search for Microsoft Dataverse.
- 4. Select the trigger When a row is added, modified or deleted, and then click Create.

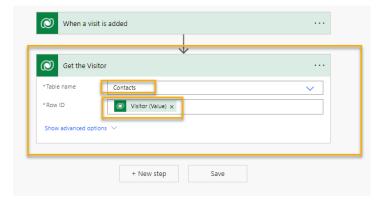


- Select Added for Change type
- Select Visits for Table name
- Select Organization for Scope
- On the trigger step, click the ellipsis (...) and click Rename. Rename this trigger "When a visit is added". This is a good practice, so you and other flow

editors can understand the purpose of the step without having to dive into the details.



- 5. Select **New Step**. This step is required to retrieve visitors information, including email address.
- 6. Search for Microsoft Dataverse.
- 7. Select **Get a row by ID** action.
 - Select Contacts as Table name
 - o In the **Row ID** field, select **Visitor (Value)** from the Dynamic content list.
 - On this action, click the ellipsis (...) and click Rename. Rename this action "Get the Visitor". This is a good practice, so you and other flow editors can understand the purpose of the step without having to dive into the details.



- 8. Click **New Step**. This is the step that will create and send email to the visitor.
- 9. Search for mail, select Office 365 Outlook connector and Send an email (V2) action.
 - o If asked to Accept terms and conditions for using this action, click **Accept**.
 - Select To field, select Email from the Dynamic content list. Notice that it is beneath
 the Get the Visitor header. This means you are selecting the Email that is related to
 the Visitor that you looked up in the previous step.
 - Enter Your scheduled visit to Bellows College in the Subject field.
 - Enter the following text in Email Body:

Dynamic content needs to be placed where fields are named in brackets. It is recommended to copy & paste all text first and then add dynamic content in the correct places.

Dear {First Name},

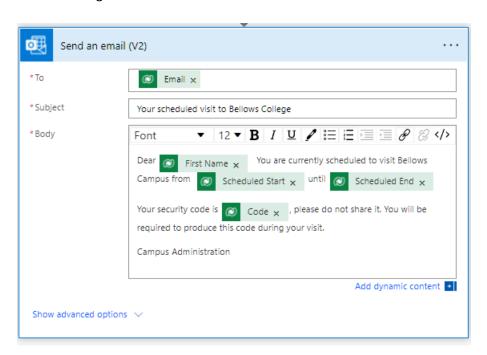
You are currently scheduled to visit Bellows Campus from {Scheduled Start} until {Scheduled End}.

Your security code is {Code}, please do not share it. You will be required to produce this code during your visit.

Best regards,

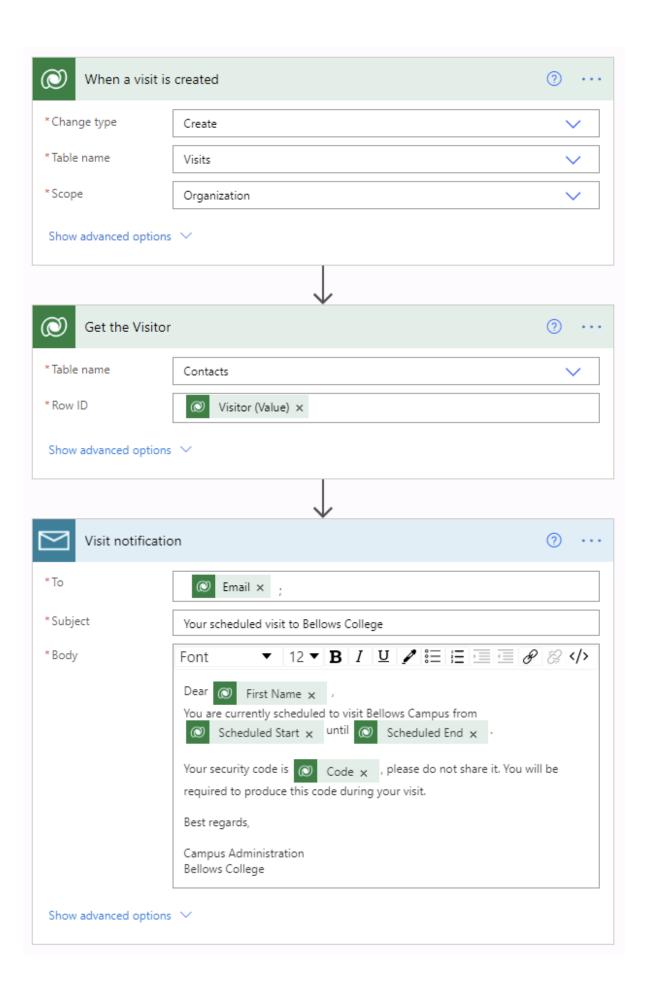
Campus Administration

Bellows College



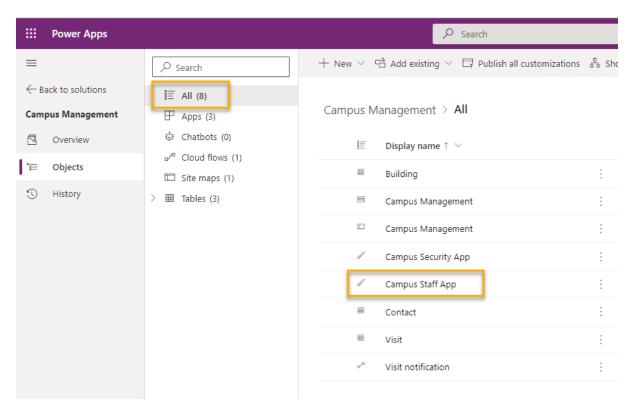
- 10. Select the **Untitled** flow name at the top and rename it to Visit notification
- 11. Press Save

Leave this flow tab open for the next task. You flow should look approximately like the following:

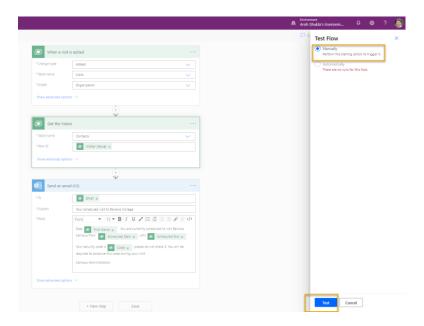


Task #2: Validate and test the flow

- 1. Open a new tab in your browser and navigate to https://make.powerapps.com
- 2. Click Apps and select the Campus Staff app you created

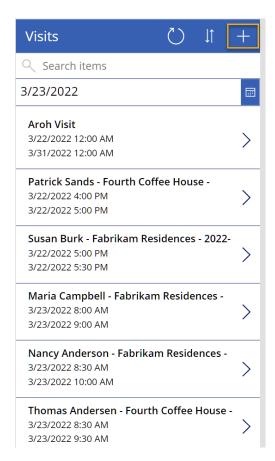


- 3. Leaving this tab open, navigate back to the previous tab with your flow.
- 4. On the command bar, click **Test**. Select **Manually** and then **Save & Test**.



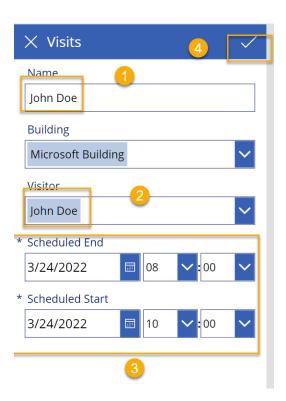
5. Leaving the flow tab open, navigate back to the previous tab with the **Campus Staff** app.

6. Press + to add a new Visit record

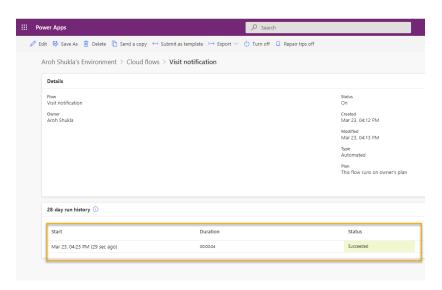


- 7. Enter John Doe as Name and choose any Building
- 8. Choose **John Doe** as the **Visitor**
- 9. Choose the **Scheduled Start** and **Scheduled End Dates** to any dates in the future.

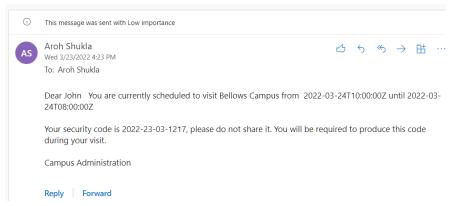
10. Press the Checkmark icon to save the new visit



11. Navigate back to the previous tab with the flow being tested. Watch as the flow is run. If there are any errors, go back and compare your flow to the example above. If the email is sent successfully, you will receive it in your inbox.



Email:



- 12. Click the back arrow on the command bar
- 13. In the **Details** section, notice that the **Status** is set to **On**. This means your flow will run whenever a new Visit is created, until you turn it off. Any time the flow runs, you will see it added to the **28-day run history** list.
- 14. Turn the flow off by clicking **Turn off** on the command bar. You may need to press the ellipses (...) to see this option.
- 15. Close this window.

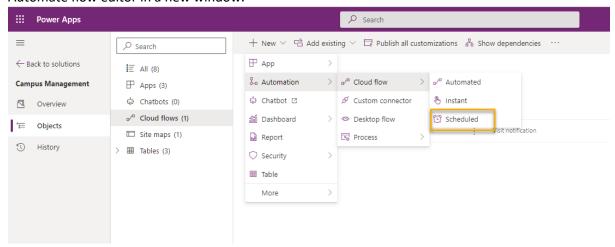
Exercise #2: Create Security Sweep flow

- **Objective:** In this exercise, you will create a Power Automate flow that implements the requirement.
- A security sweep needs to be performed every 15 minutes, and security should be notified if any of the visitors overstayed their scheduled time.

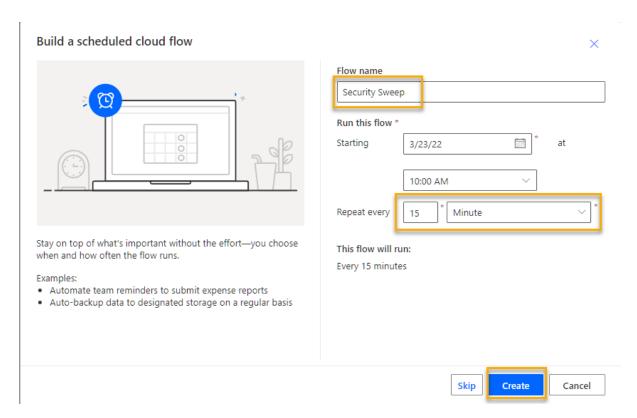
Task #1: Create flow to retrieve records

- 1. Open your Campus Management solution.
 - o Sign in to https://make.powerapps.com
 - Select your Environment.
 - Select Solutions.
 - Click to open your Campus Management solution.

2. Click **New** and select **Automation**, **Cloud flow** and then **Scheduled**. This will open the Power Automate flow editor in a new window.

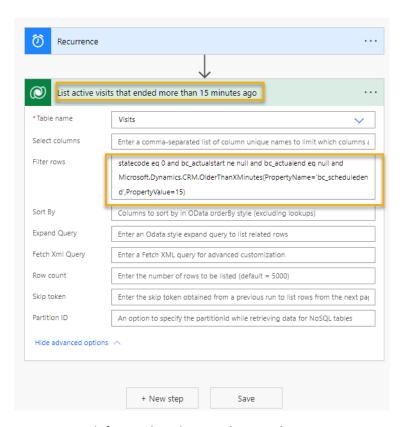


- 3. Set the flow to repeat every 15 minutes.
- 4. Click Create.



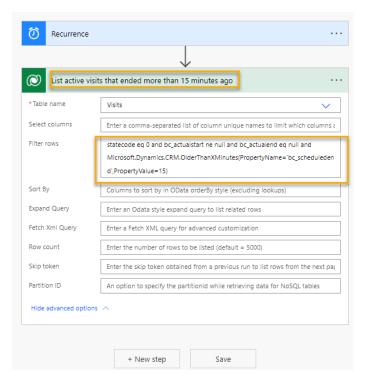
- 5. Click **New step**. Search for *Current* and select **Microsoft Dataverse** connector. Select **List rows** action.
 - o Enter Visits as Table name
 - Click Show advanced options
 - o Enter the following expression as Filter rows

- statecode eq 0 and bc_actualstart ne null and bc_actualend eq null and Microsoft.Dynamics.CRM.OlderThanXMinutes(PropertyName='bc_scheduledend',PropertyValue=15)
 - o To break it down:
 - statecode eq 0 filters active visits (where Status equal Active)
 - **bc_actualstart ne null** restricts search to visits where Actual Start has a value, i.e. there was a checkin
 - bc_actualend eq null restricts search to visits where there was no check out (Actual End has no value)
 - Microsoft.Dynamics.CRM.OlderThanXMinutes(PropertyName='bc_schedul edend',PropertyValue=15) restricts visits where visits meant to complete more than 15 minutes ago.
 - On this action, click the ellipsis (...) and click Rename. Rename this action "List active visits that ended more than 15 minutes ago". This is a good practice, so you and other flow editors can understand the purpose of the step without having to dive into the details.



- 7. Click **New step**. Search for *Apply*, select **Apply to each** action
- 8. Select value from dynamics content in the Select an output from previous steps field.

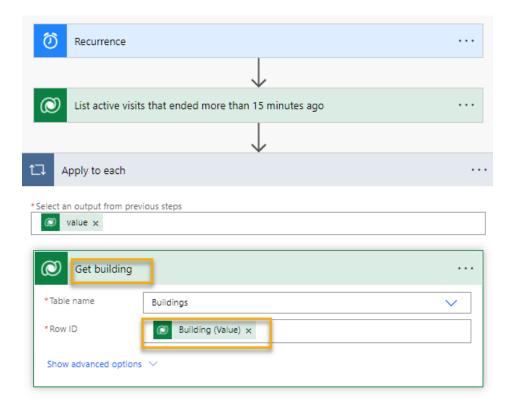
 Notice that it is beneath the List active visits that ended more than 15 minutes ago gray header. This means you are selecting the list of visits that you looked up in the previous step.



9. Retrieve Building data for related record

- o Click **Add an action** inside the Apply to Each loop.
- Select Microsoft Dataverse.
- Select **Get a row by ID** action.
- o Select Buildings as Table name
- o Select **Building (Value)** as **Row ID** from the Dynamic content

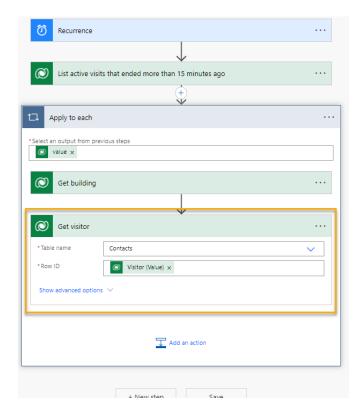
o Click ... beside **Get a record**, select **Rename**. Enter **Get building** as step name



10. Retrieve Visitor data for related record

- $\circ\quad$ Click $\mbox{\bf Add}$ an action inside the Apply to Each loop.
- Select Microsoft Dataverse.
- Select Get a row by ID action.
- Select Contacts as Table name
- o Select Visitor (Value) as Row ID from the Dynamic content

o Click ... beside **Get a record**, select **Rename**. Enter **Get visitor** as step name



11. Send email notification

- Click Add an action inside the Apply to Each loop. Add Send an email (V2) action from Office 365 Outlook connection.
- 12. Enter your email address as To
- 13. Enter the following in the **Subject** field. **Full Name** is a dynamic content from the **Get visitor** step.

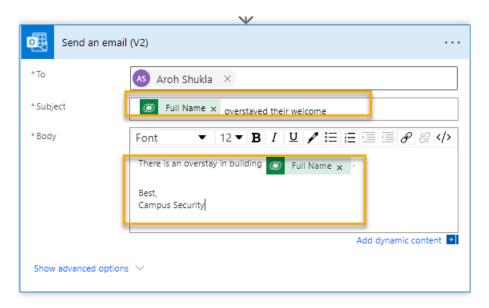
{Full Name} overstayed their welcome

13. Enter the following in the **Body** field. **Name** is a dynamic content from **Get building** step. You may need to scroll to the bottom of the list.

There is an overstay in building {Name}.

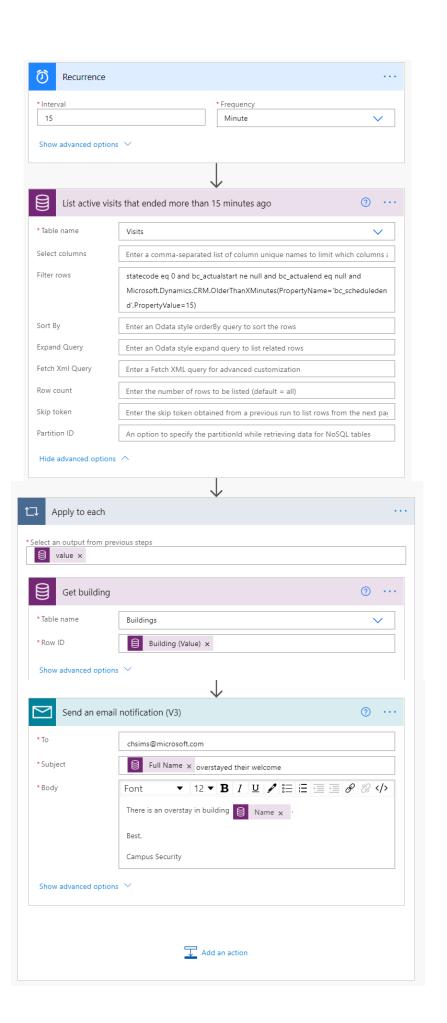
Best,

Campus Security



- 14. Select flow name **Untitled** in the upper left corner and rename it to **Security Sweep**
- 15. Press Save

Your flow should look approximately like the following:



Task #2: Validate and test the flow

Your flow will begin sending you emails (to the email you specified when creating the John Doe contact previously) if there are visits that meet the requirements laid out in the flow.

- 1. Validate that you have visit records that:
 - i. Have active status
 - ii. Scheduled End is in the past (by more than 15 minutes)
 - iii. Actual Start has a value.

Note: To view this data, navigate to make.powerapps.com in a new tab. Click Solutions on the left pane to locate your solution. Select the Visit entity, then select the Data tab. Click Active Visits in the top right-hand corner to display the view selector, then select All fields.

- 2. Navigate to your **Security Sweep** flow, if not already there.
- 3. When your flow opens, click **Test**.
- 4. Select Manually.
- 5. Click Save & Test and Run Flow.
- 6. When flow competes, click **Done**.
- 7. Expand **Apply to each**, then expand the **Send an email notification** step. Check the **Subject**, **Email Body** values.
- 8. Select the back arrow to the Security Sweep flow details. Select **Turn off** on the command bar. This is to prevent flow from executing on a schedule on the test system.

Challenges

- Add Actual Start and Scheduled End to the email body.
- How could you ensure user-friendly date formatting is used in the email body?
- Is it possible to generate a table with overstay information and send only a single email?
- Can you generate barcode for the visit code? When will that be useful?

Module 5: Get Started with Power BI

Lab: How to build a simple dashboard

Scenario

Bellows College is an educational organization with multiple buildings on campus. Campus visitors are currently recorded in paper journals. The information is not captured consistently, and there are no means to collect and analyze data about the visits across the entire campus.

Campus administration would like to modernize their visitor registration system where access to the buildings is controlled by security personnel and all visits are required to be pre-registered and recorded by their hosts.

Throughout this course, you will build applications and perform automation to enable the Bellows College administration and security personnel to manage and control access to the buildings on campus.

In this lab,

• you will build a **Power BI dashboard** that **visualizes data** about campus visits.

High-level lab steps

We will follow the below steps to design and create the Power BI dashboard:

- Connect to Dataverse
- Transform the data to include user-friendly descriptions for the related rows (lookups)
- Create and publish a report with various visualizations of the campus visits information
- Utilize a user natural language query to build additional visualizations
- Build a mobile view of the Power BI dashboard

Prerequisites

- Completion of Module 0 Lab 0 Validate lab environment
- Completion of Module 2 Lab 1 Introduction to Microsoft Dataverse

Things to consider before you begin

- Who is the target audience of the report?
- How will the audience consume the report? Typical device? Location?
- Do you have sufficient data to visualize?
- What are the possible characteristics you can use to analyze data about the visits?

Exercise #1: Create Power BI Report

Objective: In this exercise, you will create a Power BI report based on data from your Dataverse database.

Task <u>#1</u>: Install Power BI Desktop / Prepare Power BI service

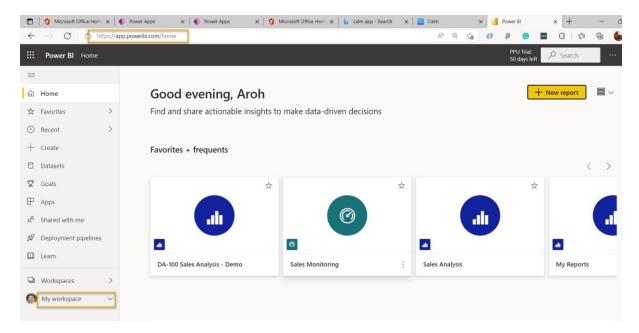
- 1. Follow the below instructions to setup Power BI:
 - o If Power BI Desktop is **already** installed, please skip to <u>Task #2</u>.
 - o If you do not have Power BI Desktop installed, complete **Step #2**.
 - If you do not have required permissions or encounter issues with running Power BI Desktop, continue to Step #4.
- 2. Navigate to https://aka.ms/pbidesktopstore to download and install Power BI Desktop.

[!IMPORTANT] If you experience issues installing Power BI Desktop using Microsoft Store, try standalone installer that can be downloaded from https://aka.ms/pbiSingleInstaller.

3. If you successfully installed Power BI Desktop, you can now skip to <u>Task #2</u>; otherwise, continue to the next step.

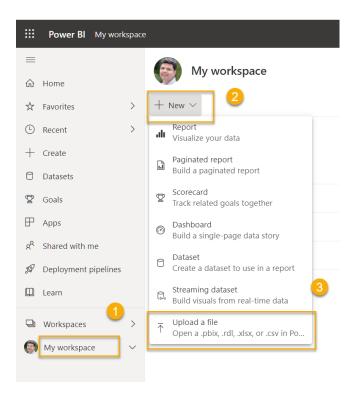
If you do not have required permissions to install desktop applications or experience difficulties in running or configuring Power BI Desktop, complete the task steps below.

- 4. Download <u>visits.pbix</u> and save on your computer.
- 5. Navigate to https://app.powerbi.com/ and click **Sign in**.



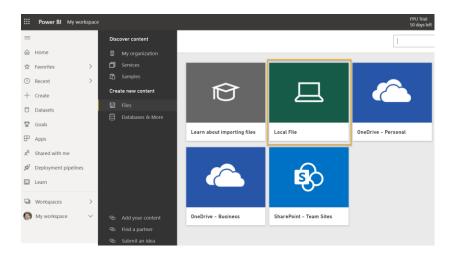
- 6. Click My Workspace.
- 7. If presented with the Get Data page, click Skip.

8. Expand +New and select Upload a file.

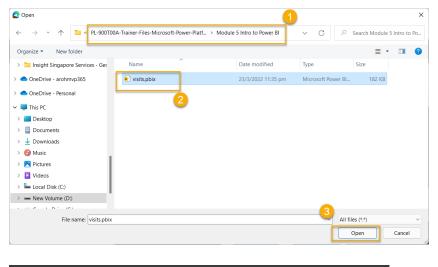


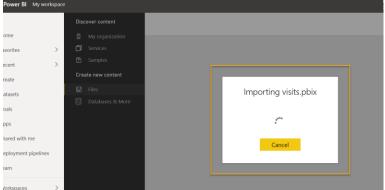
[!IMPORTANT] If you don't see **+New**, you may need to activate the new look for Power BI. Be sure to toggle the **New look** to **On** at the top of your screen.

9. Select Local File.

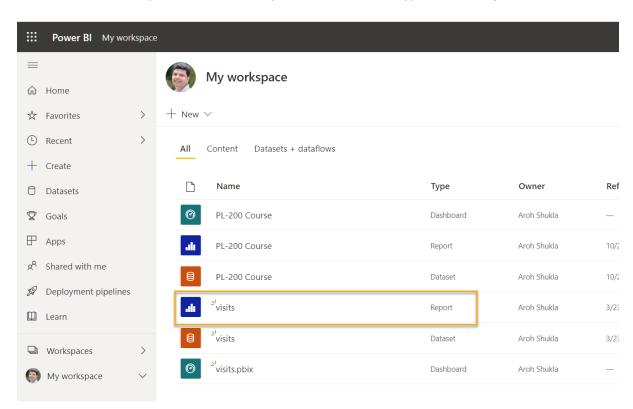


10. Locate and select visits.pbix file you've downloaded earlier.

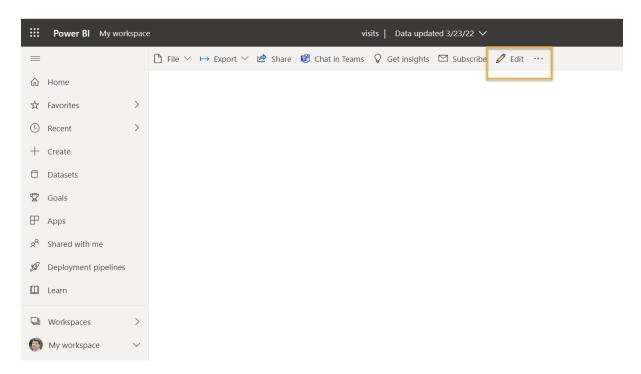




11. Once data load is complete, select visits report (notice that the Type is set to Report).



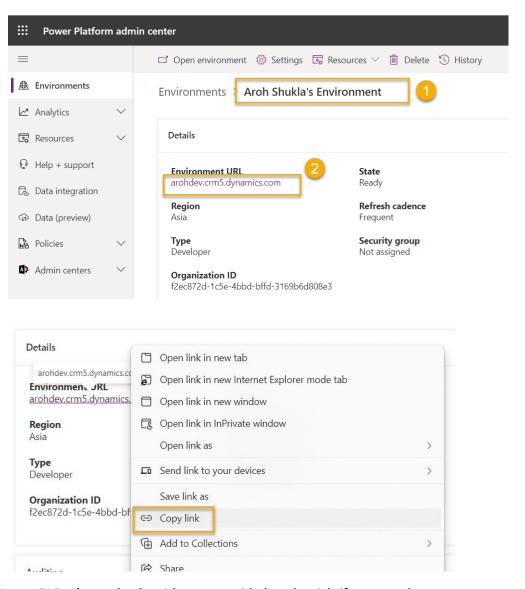
12. Click Edit. If Edit menu item is not visible click ... and then select Edit.



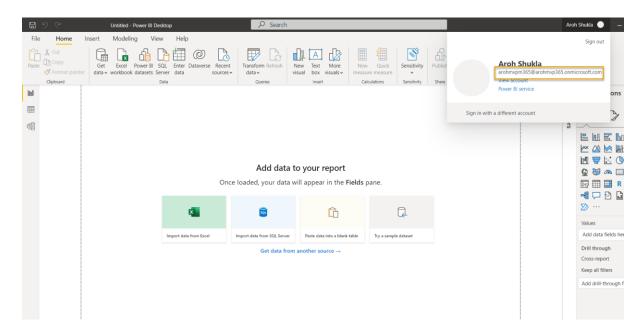
13. You have now setup Power BI service to use for your labs. Continue to Task#3, but use the online Power BI service at https://app.powerbi.com instead of Power BI Desktop throughout the lab.

Task #2: Prepare Data

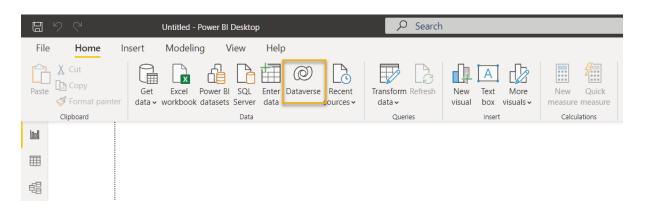
- 1. Find out your organization URL
 - In a new tab, navigate to Power Platform Admin Center at https://admin.powerplatform.com
 - In the left navigation page, select Environments, and then open your Practice environment.
 - Right mouse click Environment URL on the Details panel, then select Copy link address.



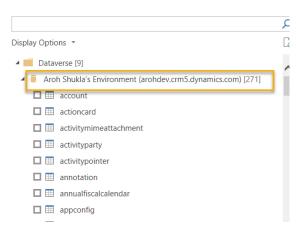
2. Open **Power BI Desktop**, **sign in** with your provided credentials if prompted.



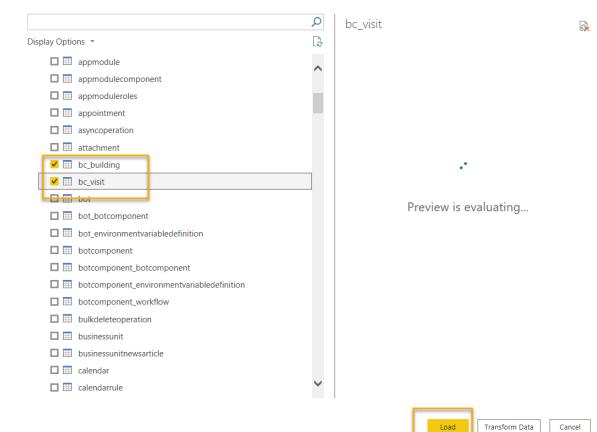
3. Select **Get data** and then select **more...**.



Navigator



Navigator



4.

Connection settings

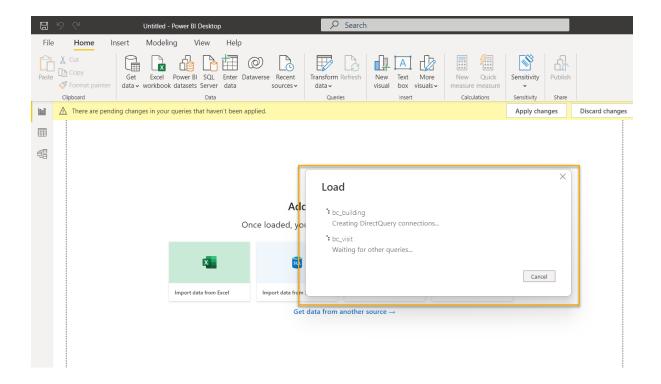
You can choose how to connect to this data source. Import allows you to bring a copy of the data into Power BI. DirectQuery will connect live to this data source.



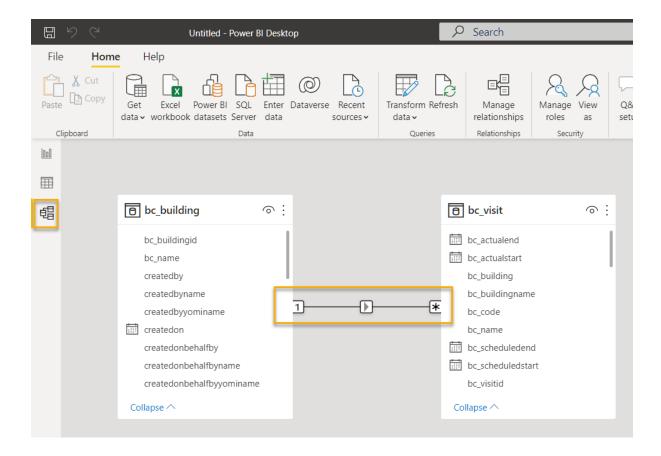
Learn more about DirectQuery



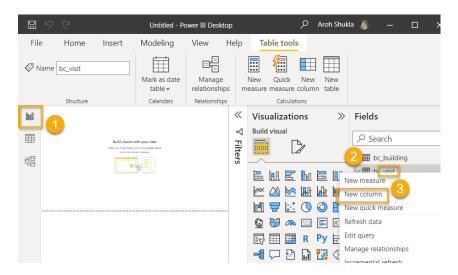
 \square \times



- 5. Select **Power Platform** on the left, then select **Common Data Service (Legacy)**, and press **Connect**. If prompted, sign in with your provided credentials and click **Connect**.
- 6. Paste the environment URL you copied earlier into the **Server URL** field, press **OK**.
- 7. Expand Entities node, select bc_Building and bc_Visit entities, click Load.
- 8. Click **Model** icon on the left vertical toolbar.
- 9. Drag **bc_buildingid** column from **bc_Building** table and drop it to **bc_building** column in **bc_Visit** table. That will create a relationship between the two tables that Power BI will be able to use to display related data.



- 10. Select Report icon on the left toolbar.
- 11. Expand **bc_Visit** node in the **Fields** panel.
- 12. Click ... beside **bc_Visit** and select **New Column**.

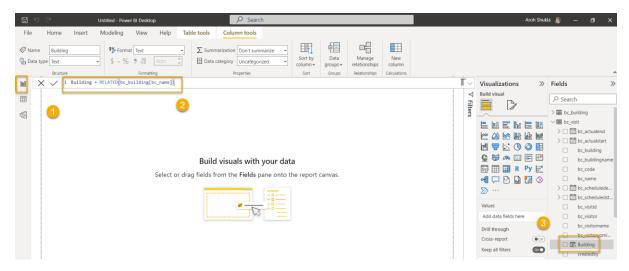


13. Complete the formula as following:

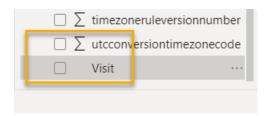
14. Column = RELATED(bc_Building[bc_name])

and press ENTER. That will add a new field with the building name into the visits data.

15. Click ... next to the **Column** field that you just created and select **Rename**. Enter **Building** as the field name.



16. Click ... next to the **bc_visitid** field and select **Rename**. Enter **Visit** as the field name.



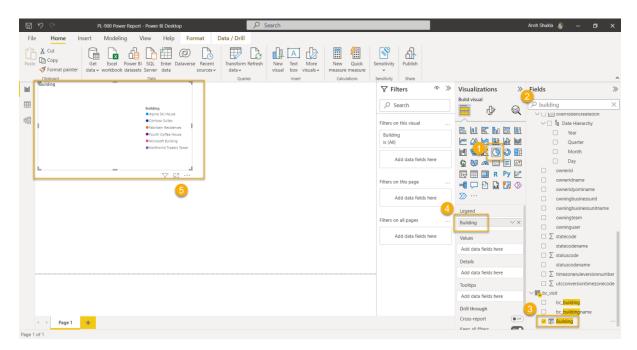
17. Click ... next to the **bc_scheduledstart** field and select **Rename**. Enter **Start** as the field name.



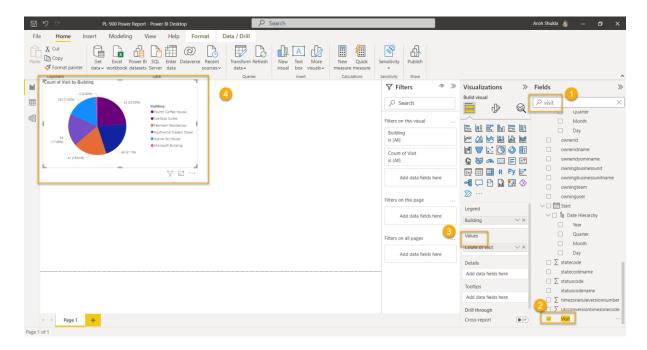
18. Save work in progress by pressing File | Save and entering a filename of your choice.

Task #3: Create Chart and Time Visualizations

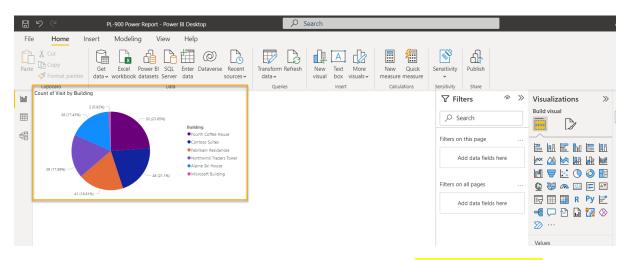
- 1. Press the **pie chart icon** in the **Visualizations** panel to insert a chart.
- 2. Drag the Building field and drop it into Legend box.



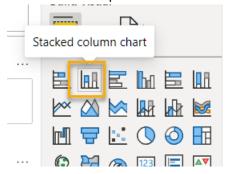
3. Drag the Visit field and drop it into Values target box.



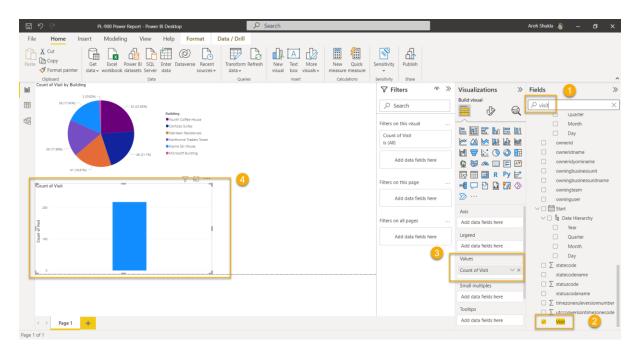
4. Resize the pie chart using corner handles so that all chart components are visible.



5. Click on the report outside of the pie chart to deselect it and select stacked column chart in **Visualizations** pane.

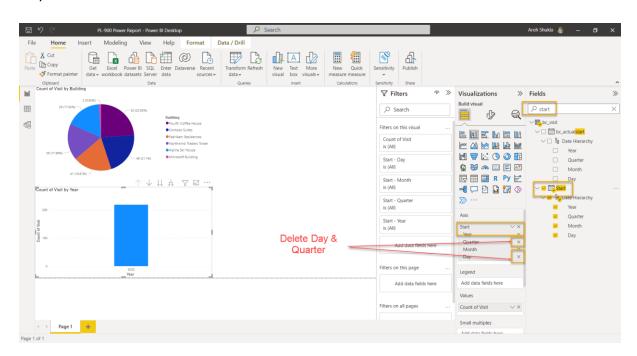


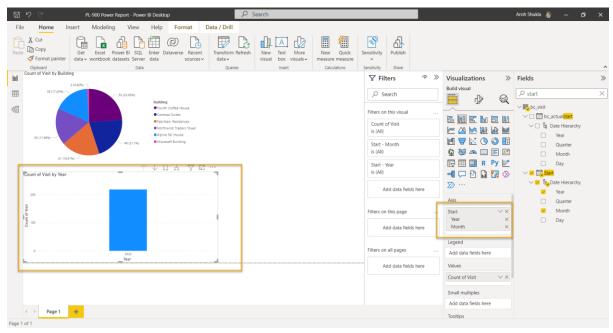
6. Drag **Visit** field and drop it into **Values** target box.



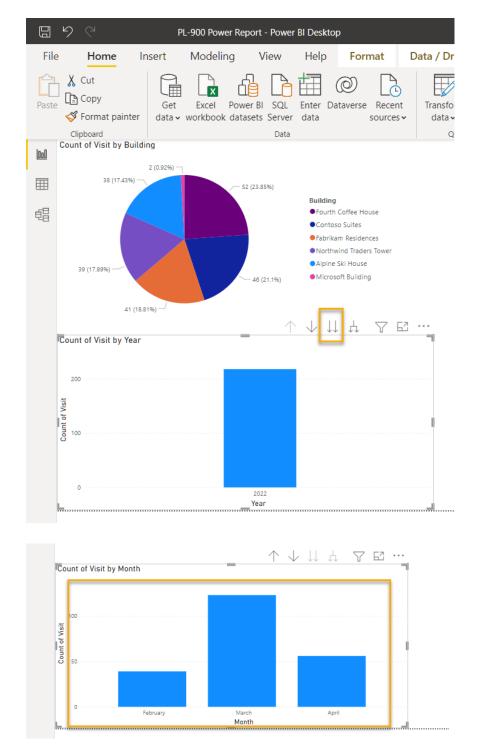
7. Drag **Start** field and drop it into **Axis** target box.

8. In the Visualizations pane, click **x** next to **Day** and **Quarter** to leave only **Year** and **Month** totals for the Axis.

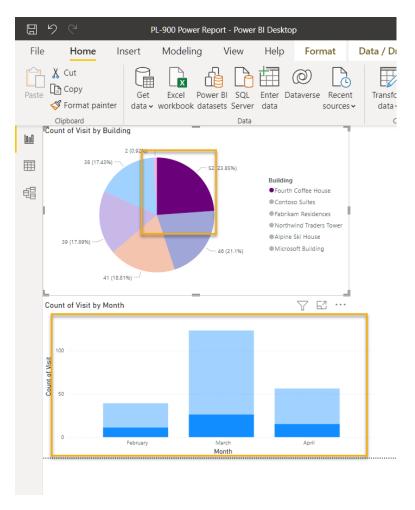




- 9. Resize the chart as desired using the corner handles.
- 10. Test the report interactivity:
 - Select various building slices on the pie chart and observe changes on the time report.
 - Click on the column chart. Press the down arrow to turn on **Drill down** mode, then
 press the column to drill down to the next level (months). Another way to do this is
 to click **Data/Drill | Expand next level** on the ribbon.



 Drill up and down and select various bars on the time column chart to observe changes on the pie report.

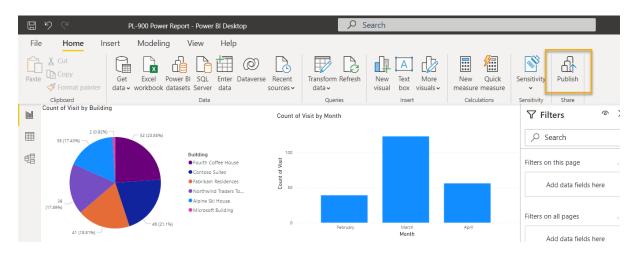


11. Save work in progress by pressing File | Save.

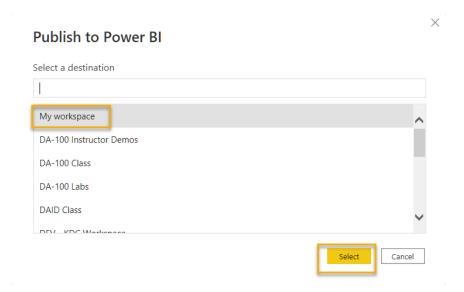
Exercise #2: Create Power BI Dashboard

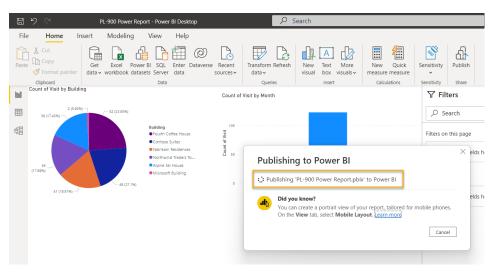
Task #1: Publish Power BI Report

1. Press **Publish** button on the Home tab of the ribbon.

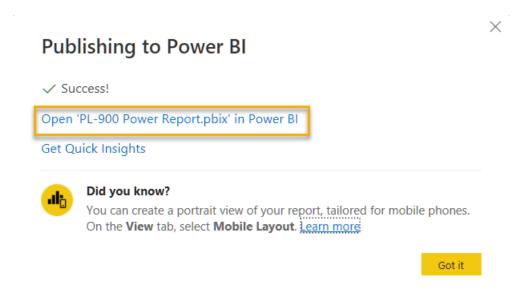


2. Select **My workspace** as the destination, then press **Select**.



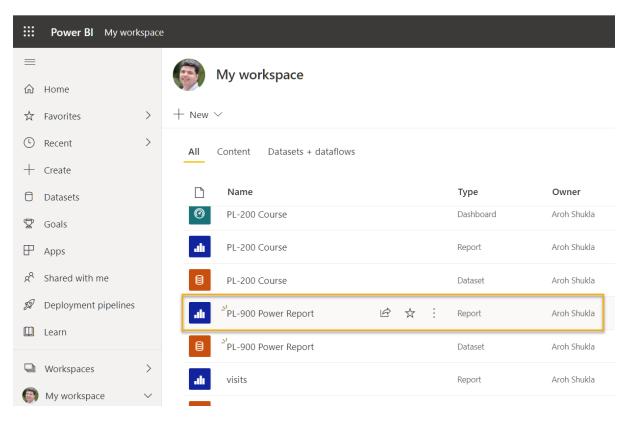


3. Wait until publishing is complete and click Open <name of your report>.pbix in Power BI.

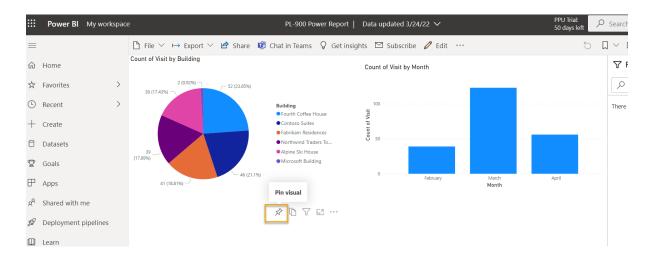


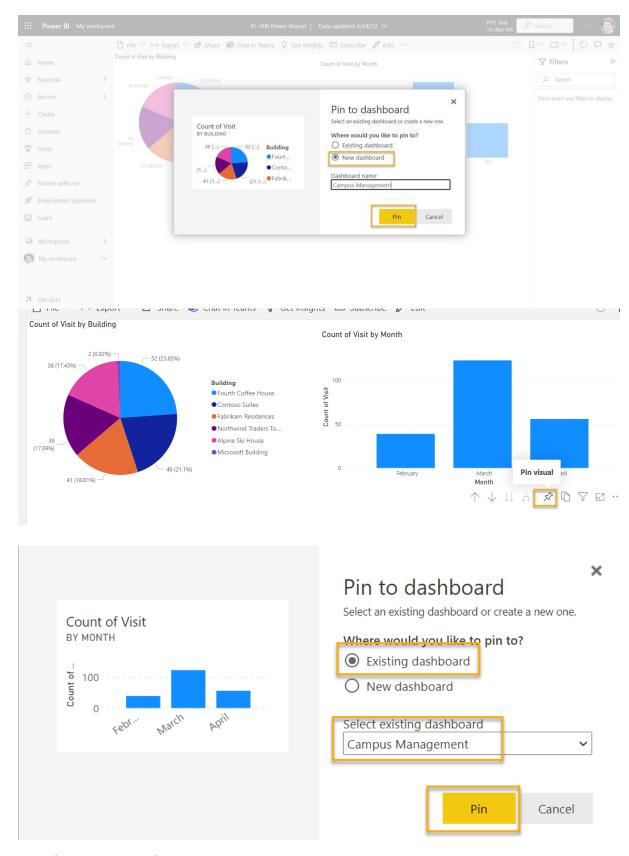
Task #2: Create Power BI Dashboard

- 1. You should have the report open from the previous task.
- 2. Select **Pin to a dashboard** on the menu. Depending on the layout you may need to press ... to show additional menu items.



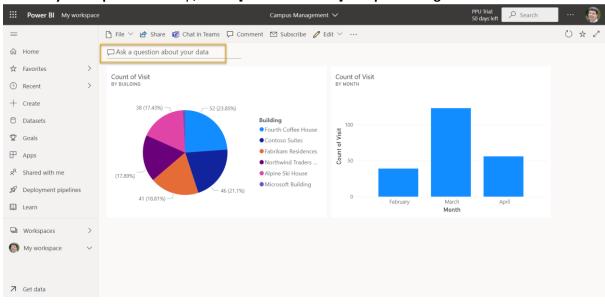
3. Select New dashboard on Pin to dashboard prompt.





4. Enter [Your Last Name] Campus Management as a Dashboard name, press Pin live.

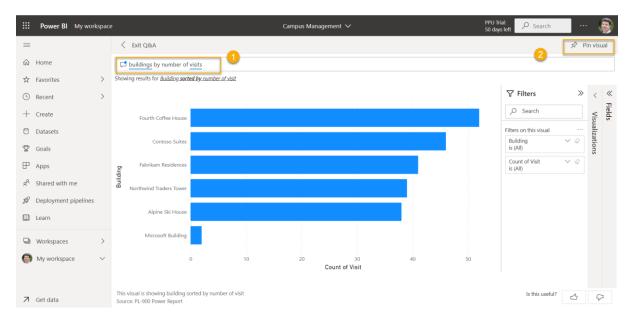
5. Select My workspace at the top, select [Your Last Name] Campus Management dashboard



6. Test interactivity of the pie and bar charts displayed.

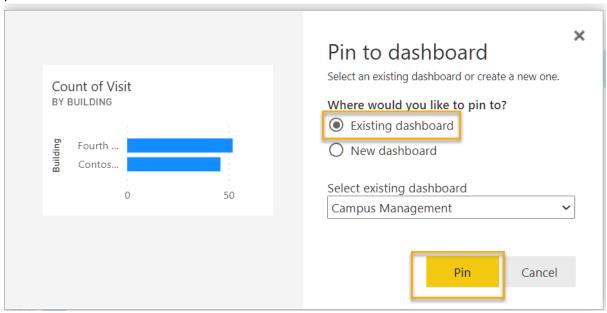
Task <u>#3</u>: Add Visualizations Using Natural Language

- 1. Within your **Campus Management** dashboard, select **Ask a question about your data** bar at the top.
- 2. Enter buildings by number of visits in Q&A area. The bar chart will be displayed.

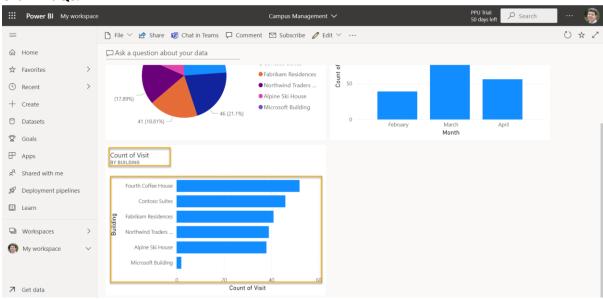


3. Select Pin visual.

4. Select Existing dashboard, select your [Your Last Name] Campus Management dashboard, press Pin.

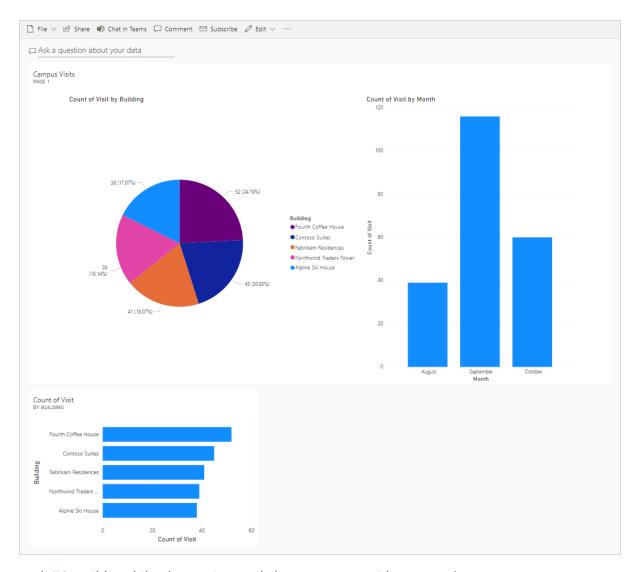


5. Click Exit Q&A.



Your **[Your Last Name] Campus Management** dashboard should be displayed. You may have to scroll down to see the new Q&A visual.

Your dashboard should look similar to the following:



Task #4: Build Mobile Phone View and Share a Report with a QR Code

- 1. In the Dashboard, select Edit | Mobile Layout.
- 2. Rearrange tiles as desired.
- 3. Click **Mobile layout** at the top right and change the View to **Web layout**.
- 4. Select **My Workspace** at the top, and select your **Report**.
- 5. Select **Edit** and then select ... | **Generate a QR Code**.
- 6. Optional: If you have a mobile device, scan the code using a QR scanner app available on both iOS and Android platforms, or the camera app if your phone supports it. Log in to your account if prompted. Navigate and explore the report on a mobile device.

Challenges

- Dashboards and reports to include your campus and building plans
- Report and analyze visiting patterns and trends
- Overstaying visualization
- Streaming Power BI for near real-time processing for a large campus

Module 6: Intro to Power Virtual Agents

Lab: How to build a basic chatbot

Scenario

Bellows College is an educational organization with multiple buildings on campus. Campus visits are currently recorded in paper journals. The information is not captured consistently, and there are no means to collect and analyze data about the visits across the entire campus.

Like most organizations, Bellows College is quickly responding to concerns with misinformation about COVID-19, best practices, schedules, and so on. In this lab, you will build a Power Virtual Agent chatbot that will point to the Center for Disease Control page with questions and answers regarding the current status of the pandemic. The college will want this setup so that it can be embedded on their portal site, as well made available ad hoc as departments make their own planned reopening.

High level steps

We will follow the below outline to build our Power Virtual Agent:

- Sign up for a trial of Power Virtual Agent
- Build a bot using FAQs
- Test the bot
- Change the default greeting
- Publish the bot
- Bonus Challenge: Embed bot in your portal

Prerequisites

The following have been identified as requirements you must implement to complete the project:

- Completion of Module 0 Lab 0 Validate lab environment
- Completion of Module 2 Lab 1 Introduction to Microsoft Dataverse
- Bonus exercise only: Completion of Module 6 Lab 4 Introduction to Power Apps portals

Things to consider before you begin

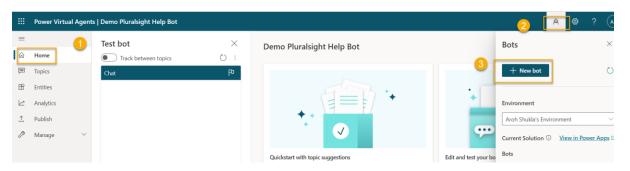
Bots can be very useful in many different scenarios. Based on what you know so far about Bellows College, consider where else in the organization a bot might be of use.

Exercise #1: Sign up for PVA and Create a New Bot

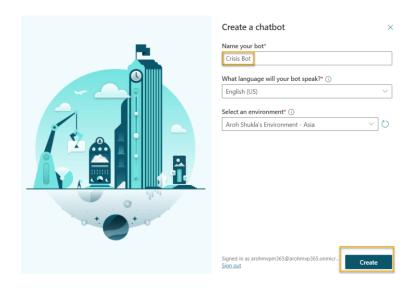
In this exercise, you will sign up for Power Virtual Agents trial.

- 1. Navigate to Power Virtual Agents
- 2. Click Start Free Trial.

3. Sign in, if required.



- 4. The **Create new bot** window should appear.
- 5. Enter **Crisis Bot** for **Name** and select a language.
- 6. Select your Practice environment to create the bot in and click **Create**.

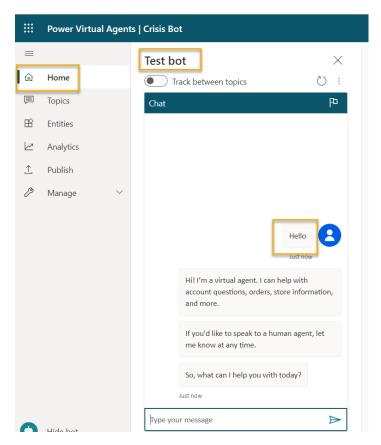


Wait for the bot to be created.

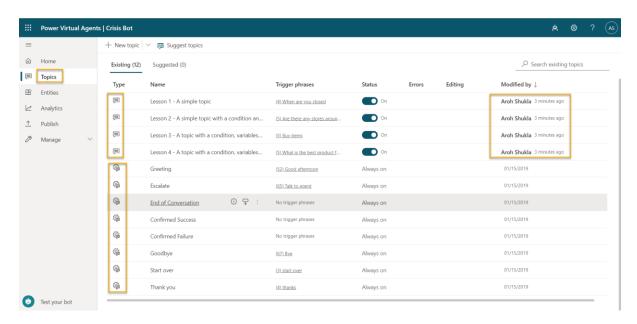


Click **Explore bot** if prompted.

- 7. Test the bot. Type **Hello** in the message box and click **Send**. The bot should greet you and tell you what it can do.
- 8. Close the Chat.



9. Select **Topics**. The bot comes with some sample user topics and some system topics. The default greeting came from the system topics.

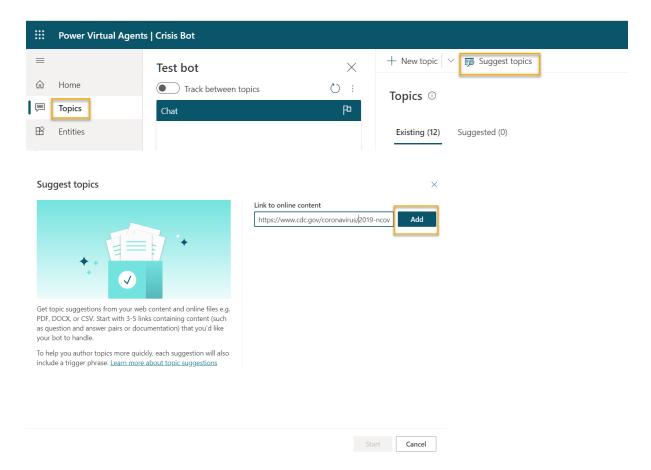


In the next exercise, you will generate your own topics from the CDC FAQ site. Do not navigate away from this browser window.

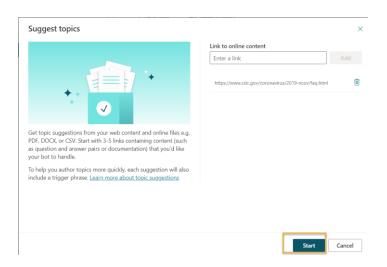
Exercise #2: Create Topics

In this exercise, you will generate topics from the CDC FAQ site.

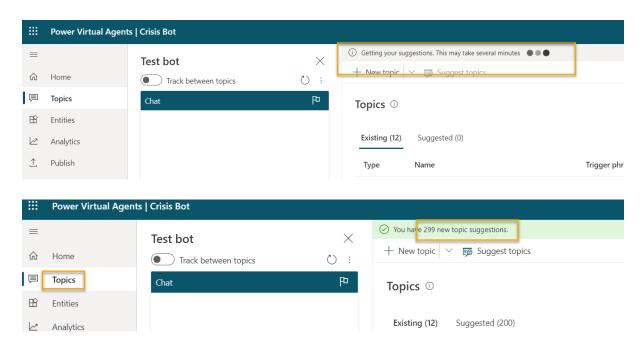
- 1. In a new tab, navigate to the <u>CDC FAQ</u> site and examine what is on the site. You will generate your topics from these FAQs.
- 2. Copy the URL.
- 3. Go back to Power Virtual Agents and make sure you still have **Topics** selected.
- 4. Select the **Suggested** tab, below **Topics**.



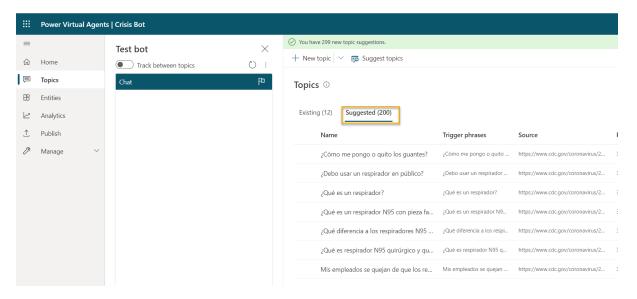
- 5. Click Get started.
- 6. Paste the URL you copied in the **Link to online content** textbox and click **Add**. Note that if you copied the full URL, https:// will be listed twice. Ensure that the URL only lists the protocol once.



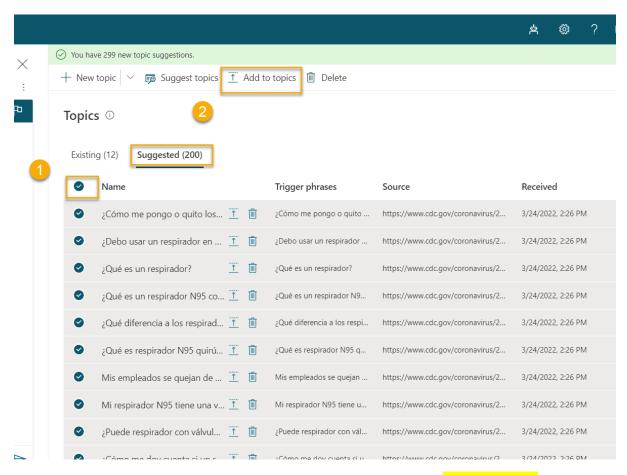
7. Click **Start** and wait. This can take a few minutes.



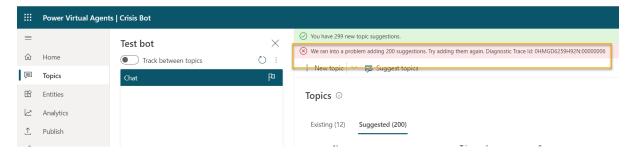
8. You should get some **suggested topics** created for you. Click to open one of **the suggested topics**.



- 9. You should see the trigger phrase and what the bot reply will be. Click Add to topics.
- 10. The suggested topic should be added to your topics. Select all the suggested topics and click **Add to topics**



You can select all topics by using the icon to the left of the Name column. If you receive an error message, please try again.



- 11. Once the Suggested topics have been added, select the **Existing** tab. You should see the new topics with their status set to Off.
- 12. Use the toggle button in the **Status** column to turn some of the topics to **On**.
- 13. Write down the trigger phrase for one of the topics that you have turned on so that you can test with this later.

Do not navigate away from this browser window.

Exercise #3: Test Topics

In this task, you will test the topics you added.

- 1. Click **Test your bot** at the bottom left.
- 2. Click Reset.
- 3. Type the trigger phrase that you recorded from the previous task and click Send.
- 4. The bot should give you the correct information and ask if it answered your question. Click **Yes**.
- 5. The bot should ask you the rate how it did. Give it an excellent rating.
- 6. The bot should ask if it can help you with anything else. Click **No, thanks**.
- 7. The bot should conclude the chat session.
- 8. Type hello and click Send.
- 9. The bot should greet you and tell you what it can do. Your bot can now help users with COVID-19 FAQs, so you will need to change the greeting message in the next task. Do not navigate away from this browser window.

Exercise #4: Change the Greeting

In this task, you will change the greeting to COVID-19 specific.

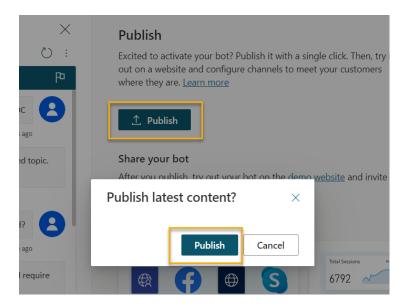
- 1. Make sure you have **Topics** selected and select the **Existing** tab.
- 2. Collapse the User Topics section.
- 3. Click to open the **Greeting** topic of the System Topics. You can also use the search box to **Search existing topics**.
- 4. The greeting topic has 52 trigger phrases, click **Go to authoring canvas**.

- 5. Go to the first message and replace it with Hi, I'm a virtual agent. I can tell you about how COVID-19 spreads, how to protect yourself, preparing your home and family for COVID-19, symptoms, testing, and more.
- 6. Click Save.
- 7. Click **Test Bot** if your bot is not still open. Click **Reset** to reset the chat.
- 8. Type hello and click Send.
- 9. The bot should now reply with the new greeting.

Exercise #5: Publish the Bot

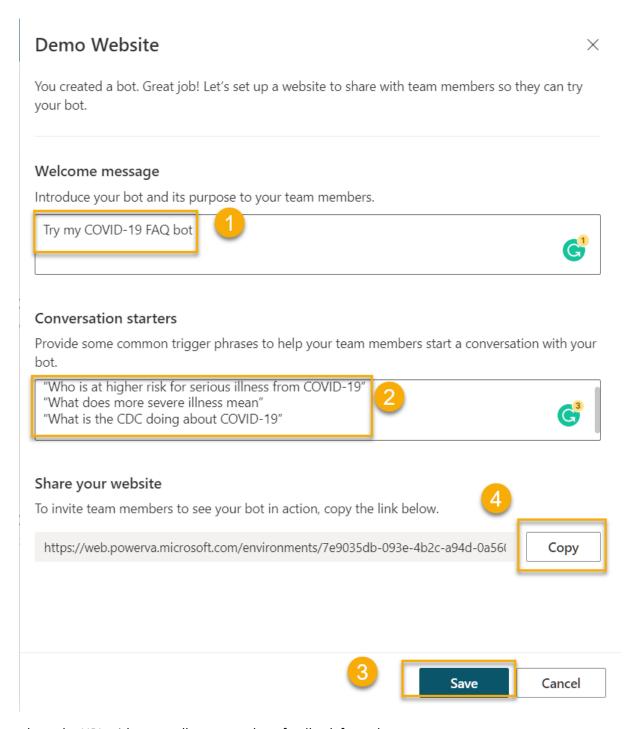
In this exercise, you will publish the bot.

- 1. Select **Publish** on the left navigation bar.
- 2. Click Publish.
- 3. Click **Publish** again and wait for the publishing to complete.



- 4. Expand Manage on the left navigation bar and select Channels.
- 5. You will get list of available channels you can publish your bot to. Select **Demo website**.
- 6. Change the welcome message to Try my COVID-19 FAQ bot.
- 7. Enter the following in **Conversation starters**:
- 8. "Who is at higher risk for serious illness from COVID-19"
- 9. "What does more severe illness mean"
- 10. "What is the CDC doing about COVID-19"
- 11. Click Save.

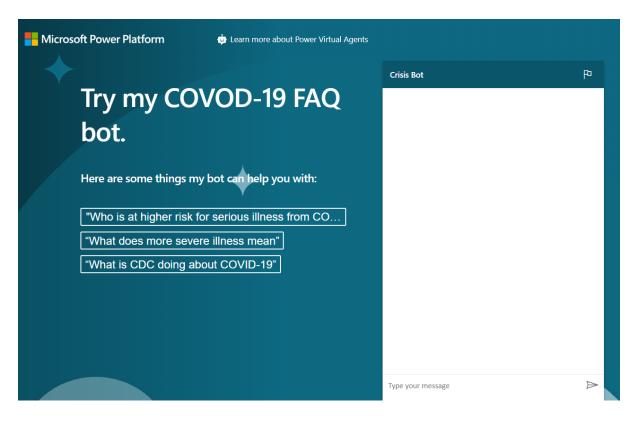
12. Copy the URL.

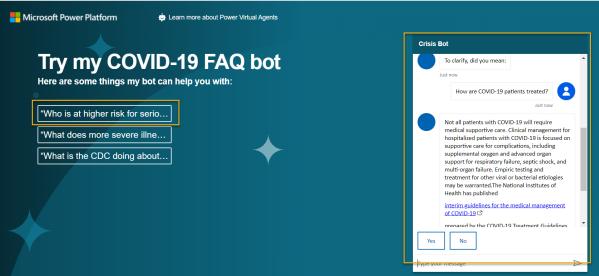


You can share the URL with your colleagues and get feedback from them.

- 10. Start a new browser window or tab and navigate to the URL you copied. The demo website should like the image below.
- 11. Go ahead and start chatting with the bot.

When completed, your published bot should look similar to this:





Challenges

• Embed your chatbot on your Bellows College Visitors portal (more information on how to do this under **Add bot to Power Apps** here.)